Weather

Threatening weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 93.2 and the minimum 73.4, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 85.1 and 73.8.

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

NO. 2444 VOL VIII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 己未年七月二十五六 SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1919 大正四年 第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

ARCHDUKE TELLS ALLIED GENERALS AIMS FOR HUNGARY

Announces Elections Will Follow Summoning Of National Assembly

REPORT TO PARIS

Declaration Is Received And Will Be Sent To Peace Conference

RUMANIANS LEAVE

Part Of Invading Force Gone; Allies To Police City Of Budapest

(French Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, August 19.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—A Vienna message says:

It is reported from Budapest that the Archduke Joseph called on the Allied Generals to inform them officially of the constitution of his Government and of his intention to hold general elections on the basis of universal suffrage as soon as the National Assembly has been summoned. The Allied Generals merely took note of these declarations which they will submit to the Conference. Part of the Rumanian troops have left the city. An Inter-Allied police force of 6,000 men is being formed.

New Ministers Named

It is announced that the portfolios of Commerce and Food which had remained empty in the composition of the new Cabinet were filled today. M. Srmuz Henriyh, Vice-President of the Chamber of Commerce of Budapest and a Director of the Austro-Hungarian Bank has been appointed Minister of Commerce. The Archduke Joseph's Controller of the Household was given the portfolio of Food.

Poincare Paying Visit To Alsace-Lorraine

His First Day There Marred By Auto Accident In Which Two Are Hurt

(Reuter's Wireless Service)

Paris, August 19.—(Via Koukaza).—President Poincare's visit to Alsace-Lorraine began yesterday. The first day was marked by a motor accident in which the Commissioner-General of Alsace-Lorraine was slightly and the Commissioner for Upper Alsace seriously injured. M. Poincare visited Muelhausen and Pfalzburg which was burnt by the Germans on August 15, 1915.

GENERAL PAO MAY GET ALL POWERS IN KIRIN

Ku Chung-hsi Has Submitted Resignation As Only Course Left Open To Him

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, August 16.—Mr. Ku Chung-hsi has adopted the only procedure possible by submitting his resignation to the Government. In reply to an inquiry from the Government General Chang Tso-lin recommends accepting the resignation and allowing the Pacifist, General Pao Kwei-ching, to carry out the duties of Civil Governor as well as those of Tuchun, President of the Chinese Eastern Railway and Commandant of the Railway Guard. It will be interesting to see whether Kirin Province will also be given over to the cultivation of poppy, through which General Pao made such enormous profits in Heilungkiang.

Chief Scuttler Of German Fleet

Admiral von Reuter

The first and exclusive photograph of Admiral von Reuter, the chief scuttler of the German Fleet, taken at the internment camp at Oswestry, shortly before the Admiral was removed to Donington Hall. The scuttling of the entire German surrendered fleet at Scapa Flow, the greatest sinking in the world's history, was ordered by Admiral von Reuter.

FRENCH AND ITALIANS REPORTED LEAVING OMSK

Position Of Government There Is Grave, Commissioner Advises Peking

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, August 16.—The Chinese Commissioner at Omsk has reported to the Government that the French and Italian troops in Siberia will shortly be withdrawn, and that the position of the Omsk Government appears to be dangerous.

Suit Against Council To Be Resumed Today

Court Of Consuls To Hear Further Argument In Hongkew Riot Case

The action for Tls. 15,000 damages brought against the Municipal Council by Suye Harayama, widow of the Japanese draper killed during the Hongkew riots of July, 1918, will come up for further argument before the Court of Consuls this afternoon.

Messrs. W. S. Fleming, N. C. Home, T. Kikuchi and T. Murakami represent the plaintiff and Mr. D. McNeill is appearing for the Council.

WANG YI-TANG TO MEET OTHER PEACE DELEGATES

After Going To Peitaiho He Will Visit Tientsin And Go South On 25th

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, August 16.—According to Chinese reports Mr. Wang Yi-tang will go to Peitaiho for a few days with Mr. Chu Chi-chien, returning to meet the other delegates at Tientsin on the 21st instant and leaving there for the South on the 25th.

Paris Without News From Aerobus Goliath

(Reuter's Wireless Service)

Paris, August 19.—(Via Koukaza).—No news has been received of the aerobus Goliath since 4 a.m. on the 16th inst.

Lansing Leaving Paris Says Treaty Is Defective But Is Start Toward Reconstruction

Pact With Germany, He Says, Contains Many Clauses That Might Better Have Been Omitted But Must Be Viewed In Light Of Its Spirit

Paris, July 12.—Before leaving for the United States tonight Secretary Lansing made the following statement:

"Many thoughts rush to mind on leaving the peace conference, after six months of effort. Never before has such an international gathering been held, for here has been the meeting ground of twenty-seven nations to liquidate a world war and establish a new order and a laboratory where already a system of world co-operation has been born, out of necessity.

"Out of it all has come the most important international document ever drawn—the treaty of peace with Germany, a document which not only meets the issues of the present war, but also lays down new agreements of the most helpful and most hopeful character. The nations are bound together to avert another world catasthrope, backward peoples are given a new hope for their future, several racial entities are liberated to form new states, a beginning is made toward removing unjust economic restrictions, and the great military autocracies of Central Europe are destroyed as the first step in a general disarmament.

Treaty Not Perfect, He Says

"The treaty is, of course, not all that he had hoped for. It could hardly be expected to be. Too many conflicting interests were involved as well as too many legitimate documents which would tax the most perfectly balanced mind. Nearly every one will find in it weaknesses both of omission and commission, provisions inserted which might better have been left out and provisions left out which might better have been inserted.

"Such a document must, however, be examined both against the back-ground of its creation and in the large sweep of its spirit. From that point of view we may call it a stepping stone from the old international methods to the new. If it still holds some of the distrusts and hatreds of the war which Germany has full well earned for herself; if its construction has been hindered by memories of secret pacts and promises, it must be borne in mind that it carries with it the evident purpose to throw off the old methods of international intrigue and plotting.

"But the present treaties are but the starting point of world reconstruction. Now that the general principles have been laid down, it remains to execute them; and by that I mean, not so much retributive action against nations which have recently run amuck in the world, but rather the cleansing and healing processes that shall really make good our hopes and aspirations.

World Peril Still Seen

"Undoubtedly there is a great danger in the world today. Many people have thought that the mere signing of the treaty with Germany marks the ending of the world peril. Public opinion seems to have breathed a sigh of relief and lapsed back into apathy. Concentration of thought on world problems is weakening now when it is most essential, and the forces of disintegration and reaction have been given a freedom of action far greater than when the world was on its guard.

"The situation today is serious. Western civilisation is still dazed by the shock of four and a half years of destruction. Industry and commerce are not yet restored. All of Europe is impoverished; parts of it are starving. Its whole political fiber has been shot through. Russia and Hungary are gripped by subversive political doctrines; Austria-Hungary and Turkey as empires have ceased to be; Poland and Czecho-Slovakia are struggling to their feet as members of the family of nations. All that complicated machinery of society which took decades to elaborate and a world war to tear down cannot be replaced overnight by a wholly different machinery.

"Many problems remain unsettled. Territorial adjustments to secure the rights of people to live under their own flag as far as possible in the tangled skein of European nationalities may be effective. Attainment of the Polish frontiers on all sides, particularly in East Prussia, is very difficult. The Teschen coal fields are still a source of contention between Poland and Czecho-Slovakia; Hungary is interrupting the trade of all Central Europe. The Adriatic problem is still unsolved, as well as the fate of those large territories formerly under the Turk, including especially Asia Minor and Armenia.

"World statesmanship will be sorely tried in the next few years. Two things are essential; first, an alert, intelligent, interested public opinion, and, second, co-operation of the nations. The former is needed both as a check on any sinister purposes that may crop up and as the great support for common action. The second is essential, unless the nations are to return to a selfish particularism which can only breed the most dangerous disputes.

Pleads For World Spirit

"The peace conference has been history's greatest instance of a unified world statesmanship directing the moral and material resources of the world's family of nations. To allow the spirit behind it to disintegrate at this moment of emergency, when united action is imperative, would be fatal to all the hopes of permanent peace with which we entered the war.

"If it is true that one nation can destroy the equilibrium of all, it is all the more true that each nation is bound by its own law of self-preservation to co-operate with the others to check troubles before they get their headway.

"So I leave for home tonight, pleased but not over-complacent with the outcome of the past six months, and hopeful, but not in the least unmindful, of the problems of the next few years."

Before leaving Paris tonight Secretary Lansing addressed a message to the French people acknowledging the courtesies extended to him during his sojourn. He expressed regret that he was obliged to leave on the eve of the fete in honor of victory, in spite of the great temptation to remain.

Venezuela Bringing Big Treasure Shipment

Pacific Mail Liner Due Tomorrow With Silver And Gold Valued At $4,452,348

Over four and a half million dollars worth of gold and silver bullion will arrive in Shanghai tomorrow on the Pacific Mail Steamship Company liner Venezuela coming from San Francisco via Honolulu and Japan ports.

The Venezuela brings gold bullion amounting to G.$2,386,057 and bar silver valued at G.$2,066,291. The treasure is part of 846 tons of cargo for this port.

The liner left Kobe Tuesday morning and is expected to dock at China Merchants' Central Wharf shortly before noon tomorrow.

Nile At Tsingtau

The Nile, in the service of the British Government for the past four years, arrived at Tsingtau yesterday with 1,700 members of the Chinese Labor Corps, and sails for Hongkong today. At Hongkong the Nile will be returned to the China Mail Steamship Company and is to be completely refitted for the trans-Pacific passenger run. The liner will leave Shanghai on October 4 for Japan ports, Honolulu and San Francisco.

Import Wheat Prices For Britain Are Fixed

Scale To Be Paid For Grain That Is Shipped In Announced By Commission

(Reuter's Wireless Service)

London, August 18.—The Wheat Commission today fixed the following prices for imported wheat per quarter: Canadian 52/6 to 60/-; American 54/- to 60/-; Australian sound untreated 61/-; treated 60/-; Argentine 59/-.

TOKIO WILL ANNOUNCE FUTURE RULE IN KOREA

Organisation For Country To Be Made Public, It Is Officially Announced

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, August 19.—The new official organisation for Korea will be promulgated tomorrow. The text will be published by all the Japanese Embassies, Legations and consulates.

President Wilson And Cardinal Mercier

President Wilson and Cardinal Mercier

President Wilson and Cardinal Mercier photographed at the Cardinal's residence at Malines, during the President's recent visit to Belgium. Cardinal Mercier's expected visit to the United States in July was postponed.

PROPOSED PERSIAN LOAN TOLD OF IN COMMONS

Denied That Government Plans Anything In The Nature Of Protectorate

(Reuter's Wireless Service)

London, August 18.—At question-time in the House of Commons today, Mr. Cecil Harmsworth, Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said that it was proposed to lend Persia two millions sterling at seven percent secured on Persian revenues with a view to enabling Persia to initiate the contemplated reforms. The Government, he said, was pledged to assist Persia to re-establish herself on a sound basis.

There was not the slightest foundation for suspicion that the Government proposed or that the Persian Government would have consented to the creation of anything in the nature of a British Protectorate.

The attitude of the Persian cabinet in negotiating the present agreement and the impending visit of the Shah to Great Britain were a sufficient answer to such insinuations.

Big Decrease Noted In Choleraic Cases

Deaths Among Chinese Fall Off 75 Percent; Three Foreigners Have Cholera

A heavy decrease in the incidence of choleraic diarrhoea is shown in the Health Officer's report for last week. The total number of deaths among the Chinese population was 27, as against 102 for the week previous.

Three cases of cholera were reported among the foreign residents of the Settlement and five cases of acute diarrhoea.

There was also another marked decrease in the number of deaths from all causes among Chinese, indicating the improved general health of the city. The total of deaths was 243, as against 327 for the previous week and 414 for the week before that.

Councils-General Are In Session In France

Meetings Are Being Held By Bodies For Last Time Before Election

(Reuter's Wireless Service)

Paris, August 19.—(Via Koukaza).—The Councils-General met yesterday for the last time before the elections.

LOCAL TAX SITUATION TAKES ON BRIGHTER LOOK

Rumor Chinese Chamber Of Commerce Will Advise Payment For First Quarter

The tax situation took on a brighter aspect yesterday. Collections from Chinese ratepayers were easier and it was said that the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce would advise the payment of the rates for the present quarter.

The Chamber met to discuss the matter following receipt of the letter from the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs which was printed in yesterday's issue and it was decided to urge the payment of the new rate for the first quarter and await developments as to the matter of future Chinese representation on the Council. The Chamber Committee then decided to send a deputation to visit the British Consul regarding the latter matter.

Coincident with the rumored decision of the Chamber of Commerce, however, there has come a stiffening of the resistance to payment on the part of the small street organisations.

HARBIN RAIL STRIKERS ARRESTED BY MILITARY

All Are Subsequently Freed Except Fifteen Leaders Who Are To Be Tried

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Harbin, August 19.—Colonel Vrashtel, in the presence of the Chinese military authorities, surrounded the workshops and his men were given orders to arrest all who declared their unwillingness to work. The troops proceeded to arrest over one hundred Russian workmen. After a careful investigation all were freed except fifteen who were proved to be ringleaders, including a certain Kuznetsoff, who was dismissed from the railway during last year's strike but somehow managed to return to his post. He is now supposed to have been the President of the Strikers' Executive Committee.

Colonel Vrashtel left tonight on an armored train for Nikolsk with the arrested strikers for trial by the Military Tribunal at Nikolsk. The remaining members of the Strikers Executive have not been found and have apparently fled from Harbin.

The Chinese Chief, Chau Di-kan, is leaving for Imanpo to suppress the Hunghutze movement. He left some troops and machine guns at the disposal of General Pieshkoff.

COUNCIL AT PARIS MAY SEND TROOPS TO UPPER SILESIA

Strikes In Country Are Held To Be Due To German Intrigue

POLAND DISTURBED

Labor Troubles Develop In Mines On Eve Of Elections

TO SIGN TREATY

Austria Is Expected To Accept Terms Formally Early Next Week

(Reuter's Wireless Service)

Paris, August 19.—(Via Koukaza).—The Supreme Inter-Allied Council dealt yesterday with the question of putting an end to the German intrigues in Upper Silesia which have brought about strikes in seventy percent of the industries there. The Council will probably decide to occupy the region.

Sign Austrian Treaty

Paris, August 19.—(Via Koukaza).—The Peace Treaty with Austria will probably be signed at St. Germain at the beginning of next week.

Silesian Question Discussed By Council In Paris

(French Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, August 19.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—The Supreme Council at its sitting yesterday afternoon discussed the situation created by the miners' strikes in Upper Silesia. This situation is causing Poland concern on the eve of the plebiscite which was to take place in this region. Military experts will be asked to give their opinion. Yesterday evening's news gave the impression that these strikes were drawing to an end.

Note Is Discussed

The Supreme Council again discussed Dr. Renner's note on the subject of the German districts of Hungary. The decision was deferred.

A fresh sitting was held this afternoon.

This morning took place the meeting of the Commission entrusted with the task of co-ordinating the replies of the different Reporters to the Austrian counter-proposals.

Spain Is Interested In War Stores Sales

Experts Going To London And Paris To Act For Their Government

(French Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, August 19.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—According to a Madrid message the Minister of Public Works has decided that a Commission of Agricultural and Military Experts shall be sent to Paris and London to inspect the war material on sale and consider what may be bought by the Spanish Government.

PEKING TO NAME CHIEF OF FORCES ON BORDER

Understood That Post Is To Be Given To Fu Liang-tso, Former Hunan Tuchun

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, August 16.—It is understood that General Fu Liang-tso will shortly be appointed Chief of Staff on the Frontier Defense Force. The former Tuchun of Hunan is said not to be on friendly terms with General Hsu Shu-cheng and the appointment, therefore, is looked upon as proof that General Hsu no longer enjoys the full confidence of Marshal Tuan, Commander-in-Chief of Frontier Defense.

Siberian Hospital Needs Seen By U. S. Commission

By Charlotte B. Rogers

Omsk, Western Siberia, July 20. —The dire need of the Russian people, particularly the army, for the assistance of the American Red Cross is nowhere more forcefully demonstrated than in the military hospitals and sanitary trains that were visited at Cheliabinsk on July 9 by Major F. P. Manget, Acting Commissioner to Siberia of the American Red Cross; Dr. Kulianin, government representative of the Sanitary Commission for the Inspection of Military Hospitals and Sanitary Trains, and other representatives of the American Red Cross.

The first place inspected was the pavilion of a pleasure park which had just been converted into a typhus hospital to meet an emergency created by the arrival of a sanitary train loaded with patients for whom there was no place in the other hospitals and who were too ill to be taken further east. The grounds were laid out with broad walks lined with benches and there were frequent clumps of shrubbery including lilacs and the inevitable slender birches. A deserted open-air theater and bandstand suggested the pleasures of former times, but only the "Dance Macabre" will be seen in the park for many days.

Inside the pavilion—a low one-story building with broad piazzas—lay more than 140 men in various stages of typhus, some on roughly made board beds, others on the floor. Most of them wore Red Cross underwear, but there were no sheets to cover them and only one blanket. When asked what was most needed, the doctor replied bedding, particularly sheets, blankets, pillow ticks and pillow cases. Though supplies were promised, he seemed too dazed by the whole situation to grasp that it was our intention to help him.

Military Hospital Visited

The next building to be inspected was the Cheliabinsk Military Hospital, situated in a beautiful old monastery adjoining a large church. The building was enclosed by high walls, concealing a formal garden, entered through an arched gateway. A broad walk led up to the door, which was partly hidden by lilac bushes and yellow flowering acacia. The wards were reached through narrow, high-ceilinged corridors and up a steep flight of stairs. On one of the walls in an alcove off the stairs, was a beautifully painted picture of the Savior, looking down with infinite pity upon the misery about him. Unlike most of the Russian sacred pictures, the tones were soft, shadowy grays and purples, in keeping with the somber surroundings. The whole place had an evil smell of bad plumbing and unwashed bodies, and the windows, tightly closed in true Russian fashion, were screened from the sun by the foliage of the trees in the garden.

The chief doctor, a woman drafted into service, acted as guide, leading the way to the various wards, operating room, baths and dressing rooms. The linen on all of the beds was soiled and the whole place gave evidence of slovenly care and neglect. The doctor said, however, that the patients were discharged and received so quickly that it was often impossible to change the bedding before the new cases were admitted. Another explanation of the untidy appearance lay in the fact that the monastery and adjacent buildings, though equipped for the care of about four hundred patients, were stretched to accommodate seven hundred and the medical and nursing staff were also badly depleted by the ravages of typhus. The operating room and its equipment were neat and clean by contrast with the wards, though lacking in all the white enamel and nickel fixtures that dazzle the eye of the visitor to an American hospital.

In a small adjoining building were housed the officers, all medical

In a small adjoining building were housed the officers, all medical cases, the doctor said, though splints and bandages on several of them indicated more or less contact with the firing line. Even here the beds gave little evidence of being freshly made and the doctor complained of not having either towels or slippers for her patients. One small ward of fifteen beds was pointed out as set aside for venereal cases and the doctor showed us with much pride that every bed was unoccupied.

Before leaving, Major Manget made a note of the hospital's needs and assured the doctor that necessary equipment and supplies would be given by the American Red Cross.

Woman Doctor In Charge

Evacuation Hospital No. 141 was then visited and proved to be a veritable plague house. Typhus, smallpox, diptheria, typhoid, recurrent fever and other contagious diseases are all received. Again a woman doctor was in charge, though she was obliged to turn to a nurse or sanitar for answers to almost all of the questions that were asked. The hospital is composed of a group of eleven buildings, constructed according to Prince Ogdenburg's system, and strange it seemed to the unfamiliar eye. The buildings are the shape of an inverted V, with roofs that come down to the ground, being supported by upright timbers arranged in a row down the center of each ward. Inverted dormer windows are cut in the roof just above where it touches the ground so that the sections of roof extending beyond the windows serve to keep out drafts and cold while affording excellent light. Eight of the buildings were used as wards, while the other served as living quarters for the staff, sterilising plant, which reaches a temperature of 120 degrees Fahrenheit, kitchen laundry and morgue. The personnel caring for the five hundred and fifty patients which the wards accommodate includes six doctors, nine nurses, eight sanitary men and thirty-two sanitary women, all of whom had had typhus.

Most of the patients in the wards visited seemed very ill and neglected, men in an apparently dying condition being left without either the care of a nurse or sanitar. The whole appearance of the hospital was one of disorder and inability to cope with the tremendous tide of patients.

The kitchen at least looked attractive and great copper kettles were filled with steaming meat cut into squares and strung on skewers so that the patients could feed themselves without taking the meat in their fingers.

Before leaving, attention was called to the morgue and oh! what a pitiable sight! It was a small detached building similar to the others and lined on each side by roughly made tables, on which were lying the bodies of more than a dozen men, scantily covered for decency's sake with colored rags that looked like worn-out table covers of the kind that are seen in peasant homes. As we stood in the doorway, another body was carried in on a stretcher and a puff of wind blew back the covering, exposing the emaciated limbs and shrunken form, still soiled with the mud and blood of the battlefield. One victim of death had already been placed in a rough pine box and as we left a hearse drew up, driven by two women, and followed by several others, who had come to take away all that was left of their soldier boy. Most of the dead, however, are buried without coffins or even a shroud. Sheets are too scarce and precious to be used for those who no longer care.

Exception Proving Rule

In striking contrast to the general disorderliness that reigned in the hospitals already visited was the group of red brick warehouses near the railroad tracks that had been converted into the Epidemic Hospital for the care of some six hundred patients, though the arrival of several sanitary trains daily from the western and southern fronts made it necessary to stretch the capacity of the hospital to double its original number. A short but well-built, keen-eyed Russian doctor was in charge and his neat appearance and courteous manners were indicative of the conditions that were found in his hospital. His patients were all typhus cases, which were kept until the crisis of the disease was reached, after which they were permitted to go home for a month of six weeks to convalesce if their homes were in the vicinity; otherwise they were sent to hospitals further east to be cared for until ready to rejoin their regiments.

The staff was composed of eight doctors and twelve nurses, but as six of the latter were ill with typhus, the care of the patients fell upon the remaining six with the aid of the sanitars. In spite of this handicap, the wards gave evidence of careful attention and everything was neat and clean. Wooden beds were used and each patient had one sheet and one blanket. Owing to the critical condition of the patients when received from the sanitary trains, the doctor said that the death rate was never less than ten percent and frequently those who did recover had to be supplied with clothes before they could leave, as they were admitted in rags, sometimes even quite naked.

Such supplies as ice bags, hot water bottles, rubber sheeting, underwear, socks and thermometers were earnestly requested, and the efficiency of the staff as indicated by the hospital gave promise that whatever was given to them would be appreciated and used to good advantage.

Pulled up on sidings near the Epidemic Hospital were two sanitary trains, one belonging to the army and other to the Russian Red Cross. The thought of being sick or wounded and carried from the battlefields, to travel perhaps for days in one of these trains is terrible. Better by far the morgue with its rows of silent figures covered with the bright-colored table cloths!

Horrors Of Red Cross Train

The Red Cross train was composed of thirty little Russian boxcars. The floors were covered with straw on which the patients were lying in huddled masses of filth and rags. Above them were wooden shelves on which were more patients equally dirty and forelorn, two-thirds of them suffering from typhus, and the other third more or less seriously wounded. They all wore the mud and blood-soaked rags that served as uniforms and they were without pillows, sheets, blankets, mattresses or any of the other things that we look upon as necessities in the care of the sick. A head nurse, we were told, visited each car every morning, reporting the most serious cases to the doctor and having the bodies of those who had died since the last inspection removed at the first available station, where they were left in charge of the Commandant. A kitchen car supplied thick soup for sick and wounded alike, no choice of diet being possible, though milk was served when specially ordered. Owing to the cars having no communication with each other when in motion, because of the side doors, food was served at station where stops permitted, regardless of the time of day. Two doctors and six nurses comprised the staff, assisted by a number of sanitars.

The Military Sanitary Train, composed of fourth-class cars and accommodating six hundred patients, was rather better, as the aisles through the cars made it possible to give the patients more care while the train was in motion. Most of the cases were typhus, for which little could be done on the way. The surgical cases were dressed every other day. Two doctors and five nurses, assisted by forty sanitars and five male nurses took care of the patients on their journey from the front.

As to supplies, both trains appeared to be so inadequately equipped that the only possible way of rendering assistance seemed to be to recommend that their journeys be completed and after they had been thoroughly cleaned and disinfected, that they apply to the American Red Cross for an entirely new outfit, a plan which met with hearty thanks and appreciation from both doctors, who were struggling against impossible odds.

The people of Siberia are dazed. For five long years they have struggled with war and political strife, and the end is nowhere in sight. Everybody, rich and poor, sick and well, has to suffer, so why should a hospital that is equipped for six hundred patients hesitate to take care of double the number? And why should a doctor hesitate to carry hundreds of patients on a train composed of cattle-cars lined with straw instead of being made up of first or second class coaches with all the conveniences of modern travel? And the patients, do they ever complain? Sometimes they will say they have pain, but the answer is generally the Russian word that means "very good."

Home In United States After Being Held Prisoner In Germany

Mrs. Margaret Furhman.

Mrs. Margaret Gentz Furhman, of Chicago, Ill., who arrived in New York recently from Germany, where she had been held a prisoner. Miss Gentz went to Germany before the war and while there married Furhman, a German artist. When the war broke out Mrs. Furhman took up war work and was appointed to a post censoring the mail of Allied soldiers. While in this position she aided the Allied soldiers in many little ways. When the United States entered the war, differences in the Furhman household led Mrs. Furhman to attempt to secure a divorce. Then her troubles began. She later tried to get out of Germany, was arrested and jailed. She spent two months in a German military prison, later being thrown into a woman's penitentiary, where she spent five months at hard labor. She was later charged with being an American spy and put through the form of a trial without counsel or witnesses, and sentenced to one year. She was freed when the armistice was signed. Mrs. Furhman is now in New York visiting her sister.

SHANGHAI ATTORNEY SPEAKER AT HANGCHOW

Mr. Charles W. Rankin At First Of Round Table Discussions Club Is Holding

(*China Press Correspondence*)

Hangchow, August 18.—The first of a series of round table discussions led by Mr. Chas. W. Rankin of Shanghai was held this afternoon at the Hangchow Bar Association's Club quarters. Mr. Rankin is founder and the present dean of the Comparative School of Law in Shanghai, which is affiliated with Soochow University. He is the guest of the Hangchow Bar Association while in the city. The Association is extending him many courtesies.

The discussions all have to do with topics relating to the American bar. This afternoon's address described the organisation, activities, and influence of the local, state, and national bar associations of America. It was followed by a lively discussion in which extreme interest was manifested in American ideals and conditions within the legal profession. Subsequent addresses will take up other topics of interest to lawyers.

The Hangchow Bar Association is now occupying its second club quarters. Its first club house was built some years ago but was outgrown. Its new club house was built a little over a year ago. It is a very comfortable house containing offices, reading room, committee rooms, banquet room, and auditorium. It is located opposite the local and provincial law court buildings and is only a short distance from West Lake. The president of the Association is Mr. Zan Sinn-beh.

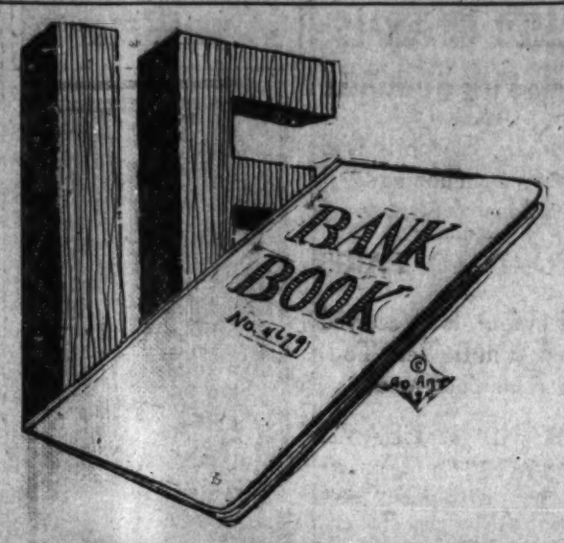
The meetings, which were arranged through the local Y.M.C.A., will continue three days.

American Trading Co. In Suit Against K.T.C.

Suit for Tls. 4,601.38 and costs was filed against the Klauber Trading Company by the American Trading Company yesterday in the United States Court for China.

The claim sets forth that defendants by a contract made last October ordered three one-ton motor trucks at a total cost of Tls. 7,037.07 and that they have paid for and taken delivery of but one of the machines.

Suit was filed by the law firm of Fleming, Davies and Bryan.



If You Know How to Spend Less Than You Get, You Have the Philosopher's Stone."

—Benjamin Franklin.

Takes STAMINA and SELF-CONTROL to live within one's MEANS—but there's no succeeding without it.

Improve the passing minutes and save the pennies and dimes! Now's the time to begin!

One TODAY is worth two TOMORROWS—if you'd be prosperous and respected tomorrow, put your system of SAVING into operation TODAY!

Open a SAVINGS account!

4 per cent allowed on savings.

The American-Oriental Banking Corporation

15, Nanking Road, Shanghai.

OVER 2,400 ACCOUNTS

PHONE WEST 189

FORD HIRE SERVICE

Oriental Motor Company

77 ROUTE VALLON

American Soda Fountain

Business Men's Lunch daily 11.30 a.m. until 2 p.m. (excepting Sunday).

Sullivan's Candy Store

11 Nanking Road

NOTICE TO EXPORTERS

We beg to inform Exporters of China Egg Products that we are manufacturing and selling all kinds of LIQUID, DRIED AND SPRAYED WHOLE EGG, YOLK AND ALBUMEN.

Our goods are manufactured by the most up-to-date process; our machines are the newest imported from America, and our outputs are supervised by the best EXPERTS.

Any inquiry will have our immediate attention.

Address: 8b Kiangse Road, and Q489 Tientsin Road, Shanghai.

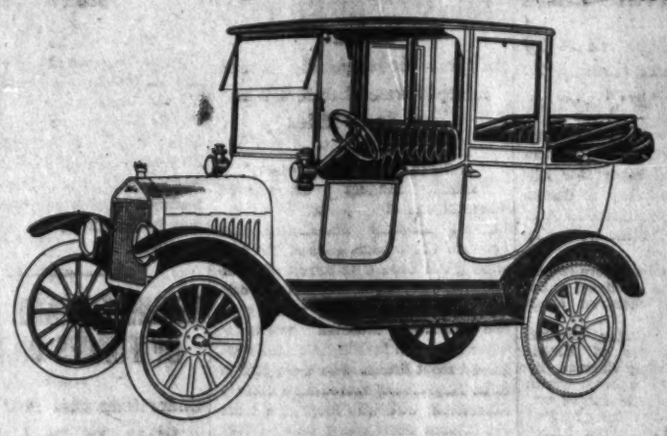
Telephone: Central Nos. 2385 and 4008.

H. C. WANG

General Manager: Tung Hsin Ziang Egg Factories, Hung Yue Chong Egg Factory, Hsin Chong.

JUST THE THING

for the coming Autumn and Winter



FORD TOWN CAR

Latest Model, almost new, moderate price

Fitted with various extras

Dodge & Seymour (China), Ltd.

89-91 Rue Montauban: Phone, Central 322

FOR SALE

Beautiful detached residence containing drawing-room, dining-room, study, four bed-rooms, located in most desirable residential district. Lot contains 4½ mow. Tennis Lawn and Garage.

TO LET:—From Sept. 1st, No. 8 Rue Corneille, five rooms. Beautiful location. Lot adjoins the French Park. Tls. 110.

CHINA REALTY CO., LTD.

REAL ESTATE—ARCHITECTS—INSURANCE

Corner of Nanking and Kiangse Roads

NATIONALISATION PLANS ARE OPPOSED IN LONDON

Memorial Favoring Vote On Projects Is Forwarded To The Premier

(Reuter's Wireless Service)

London, August 18.—A memorial signed by representative bankers, merchants and traders in the City of London has been forwarded to the Premier. The memorial protests against nationalisation of the mines or other industries until the people of the country have expressed an opinion on the subject.

News Brevities

One B. Johnson, alias Bill Jones, claiming to be a British subject, was sentenced to three months' imprisonment for vagrancy by the Mixed Court yesterday. The man had been previously before the court on April 9 and was given a three months' sentence on a similar charge. The police stated that efforts would be made to secure passage for the prisoner to Jamaica, his home.

* * *

A woman charged with running an opium smoking den at 184 Yuenfong Road was sent to jail for two months by the Mixed Court yesterday.

* * *

The auxiliary motor schooner Korsneas changed from the American to the Norwegian flag here yesterday. The ship was being built in the United States for Norwegian owners when America entered the war and was commandeered by the Government. She brought cargo to Shanghai and will now proceed to Norway.

* * *

Marquis Saionji, the Japanese delegate to the Paris peace conference, will not stop at Shanghai, as the Atsuta Maru, on which he is returning to Japan, has gone direct from Hongkong to the Japanese ports. The ship is not calling here, because this has been declared an infected port.

* * *

The Tsepoo Road jetty will be closed to traffic during repairs from August 27 to September 10, inclusive.

* * *

Mr. G. W. King, British Registrar, is expected to arrive in Shanghai today on the Cabionx.

* * *

Mr. A. Gray, of the Chartered Bank, was fined $10 by Acting Magistrate F. A. Robinson in the British Police Court yesterday on the charge of negligently driving his motor car on Avenue Joffre on August 7. The French police prosecuted, evidence being given by an Annamite policeman to the effect that the car had been driven to the wrong side of him, in disregard of signals. Mr. Gray pleaded not guilty, stating that he could not recall the incident and had not received any notice until the 18th.

* * *

At the annual election of officers of the Kiangsu Educational Association, held yesterday, the officials for the past year were returned to office. Mr. Chang Chien, former Minister of Agriculture and Commerce, remains as president and Mr. Huang Yen-pei was re-elected vice-president.

* * *

The West Kasson, United States Shipping Board freighter assigned to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company for permanent operation, will arrive here from San Francisco on August 27. The West Kasson has 4,000 tons of cargo for Shanghai.

Judgment Reserved In Intimidation Case

Decision Saturday On Rehearing Of Action Arising From Boycott

Judgment was reserved by Assessor Hayashide and Magistrate Tsang yesterday in the rehearing of the case wherein Lee Vong-dze, former foreman of the Nai Yui Wata Kaisha is charged with intimidation of workmen during the recent anti-Japanese demonstrations. The decision in the first hearing of the case gave the accused three years' imprisonment.

Mr. Stirling Fessenden and Mr. R. S. Haskell appeared for the defendant. The police stood on the evidence given at the former hearings and Mr. Fessenden cross-examined a number of witnesses, endeavoring to bring out that the only evidence connecting the defendant with the strike at the mills was that he had reported to the manager that his workmen objected to carrying out certain new tasks assigned to them. One of the witnesses testified that the defendant had advised the workers not to strike.

Judgment is to be given Saturday.

EFFICIENCY DRILL TODAY FOR CHINESE FIREMEN

Finals In Rescue Drill Competition To Be Held At Hongkew Station

The finals in the first of a series of efficiency competitions for Chinese members of the Shanghai Fire Department will be held at the Hongkew Station this evening at six o'clock. Men selected from all stations will compete in a rescue drill against time.

The firemen must run ten feet to the ladder truck and climb 40 feet to the roof of the station where a dummy will be placed 20 feet from the top of the ladder. The competitors must then pick up the dummy, carry it down the ladder and cross the finish line which is also the starting point. The dummy is of sand and weighs 152 pounds.

The finals tests tonight bring out the best men in all stations and follow a series of preliminary drills that were held at each division headquarters.

VOLUNTEER CORPS CHANGES

The Municipal Gazette reports that upon the recommendation of the Commandant commissions are authorised for issue to the following N. C. Officers who have passed the necessary examinations:

Light Horse.—Sqdrn. Sergt.-Major H. G. F. Robinson as 2nd Lieutenant.

American Company.—1st Sergt. J. W. Baldwin as 2nd Lieutenant.

Japanese Company.—Coy Sergt.-Major S. Kikuta and Corporal C. Matsumo as 2nd Lieutenants.

Shanghai Scottish.—Col. Sergt. C. W. Porter as 2nd Lieutenant.

Light Horse.—Twelve months leave is granted to 2nd-Lt. F. W. Foster from August 25.

AMERICAN
APPLE CIDER
THE KING OF
NON-ALCOHOLIC DRINKS

At all clubs, hotels and stores.
Connell Bros. Co., *Agents*

MUNICIPAL STAFF CHANGES

The following changes in the Municipal staff are reported in the Municipal Gazette, as taken from the order books for the week ended August 16:

Police Force.—Henceforward the official designations of the under mentioned will be:

K. J. McEuen, Commissioner of Police.

Major A. Hilton-Johnson, Deputy Commissioner of Police.

Capt. E. I. M. Barrett, Assistant Commissioner of Police.

R. M. J. Martin, Assistant Commissioner of Police.

M. O. Springfield, Assistant Commissioner of Police.

W. Beatty, 2nd Assistant Commissioner of Police.

3rd Class Constable E. Fearn is invalided from July 31.

The following are appointed Constables from August 10:

J. Allen, C. Bishop, R. H. Beer, E. S. Cartwright, A. C. Craig, J. Cosson, H. Diprose, G. W. Dudley, F. A. Emery, J. E. Fulton, H. A. Flower, C. B. Henry, R. C. Hall, W. Hotchkiss, H. Hotchkiss, H. J. Hooper, A. G. Hogg, C. E. Knight, H. McGregor, B. H. Munson, A. McGillivray, W. J. Ryle, B. Silliss, H. J. Taylor, W. N. Webb, J. A. Young and C. Young.

Public Works Department.—Mr. C. H. Godfrey, Engineer and Surveyor, resumed charge of the Public Works Department on July 29.

Mr. W. Fletcher, returned from war service, is appointed Assistant Inspector in the Public Works Department, on three months' probation from August 8.

The Council has learnt with deep regret of the death on August 15, of Inspector A. T. Kriger.

Electricity Department.—The temporary service of Mr. D. Wilson, Clerical Assistant, is confirmed under an agreement from June 15, 1919.

Long leave is granted to Mains Foreman G. A. Marshgreen from August 25.

Collector A. Murphy, returned from war service, resumed duty on August 6.

Public Band.—The name of Musician O. Bakaleinikoff is authorised to be struck out of the Municipal Staff List.

Secretariat.—Mr. J. M. McKee, Acting Assistant Secretary is appointed Assistant Secretary under a new agreement from July 1, 1919.

Special Constables

Henceforward the official designations of the undermentioned will be:

A. L. Anderson, Assistant Commissioner of Police, (Specials).

R. G. MacDonald, 2nd Assistant Commissioner of Police, (Specials).

Obituary

Mr. H. C. de Rijke

News was received here yesterday of the death in Tungchow of Mr. H. C. de Rijke, formerly assistant engineer of the Public Works Department of the Shanghai Municipal Council. Cholera was the cause of Mr. de Rijke's death.

Mr. John McIntyre

Mr. John McIntyre, former second officer of the steamship Chinkiang, died yesterday at the Victoria Nursing Home. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 5:30 o'clock at Bubbling Well Cemetery.

PHONE WEST 189
FORD HIRE SERVICE
Oriental Motor Company
77 ROUTE VALLON

Tel., Central 2036

Dr. FRED M. GENSBURGER
Eye-Sight Specialist

Consulting Hours
10 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m.
and by appointment

38, Nanking Road
1st Floor

CP OS

TRANS. ATLANTIC TRANS. PACIFIC
LUXURIOUS
Empress of France
18,500 Tons Gross
Suites and rooms with bath—Grill Room, Lifts, Gymnasium
SAILS FROM
Quebec to Liverpool
Oct. 9th and Monthly thereafter
First-Class G. $170.00 Second-Class G. $100.00 Third-Class G. $63.75

DOMINION EXPRESS
TRAVELERS' CHEQUES SOLD.
Correspondents Throughout the World.

For Bills of Lading, Freight Rates, etc. apply to:
P. A. COX, Agent
Cor. Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads, Shanghai.
Tel: Central 181

For Reservations and Passage Tickets, etc. apply to:
F. E. WEISS,
General Agent, Passenger Department,
Palace Hotel, 19 The Bund, Shanghai.
Tel: Central 182

CANADIAN PACIFIC
OCEAN SERVICES

Hall & Holtz, Ltd.

Ladies', Children's,
Misses' and Boys'
Rubber
Overshoes
in all Sizes,
Different Styles, Widths
etc., etc.
To fit all styles of Shoes.
Immense Stock
to select from:
Moderate Prices.

Hall & Holtz, Ltd.

Made in—Regular, Magnum and Super-Magnum sizes.

The "Three Castles" Virginia Cigarettes

The "*Three Castles*" Cigarettes were among the first to be manufactured in England and have consistently retained their popularity to the present time.

"The Cigarette with the Pedigree"

Guaranteed Manufactured in England.

This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co. (China), Ltd.

e World of Books -:-

om the young from Poverty op" and use the s pangs But the learned awnshop blacking a week r blunt-

llicking t which failed g grace om the f many uffering. all who arty co- uld help he poor, the in- for him- Victoria's

made no ns as a o picture but has, portrayed who do Dickens, hackeray, Carlyle or llustrators uikshank, andseers, d Mac") l in The that de- means of records, files and e us the master man be-

perhaps, we are so well ints at s youth of the ground. left out hensive great nto the walks, d play- z, but a hosts s visits dingly. ashing- rofessor ames T.

justice whol- Dickens ible on nsively. o those ns, but ll, that in the ircles." rather pointed Greatest

Dickens was his most frequent visitor. He cheered him with narratives of bygone days; he poured some of his own abundant warmth into his heart; he led him into new channels of thought; he gave readings to rouse his interest; he waked up in him again by his vivid descriptions his sense of humor; he conjured back his smile and his laugh—Charles Dickens was and is to me the ideal of friendship."

A NEW CONRAD BOOK

The Arrow Of Gold. By Joseph Conrad. New York: Doubleday, Page and Company.

Though to the fortunate reader "The Arrow of Gold" is Conrad at his best (perhaps because it is his latest), yet from the standpoint of current criticism it is hardly Conrad at all. There is no spectacular universe, no "wonderful description of the sea in all her magic moods;" no sympathy with sailormen, no psychology of sailormen, in fact almost no mention of sailormen; no remorse; no Marlow. Some might hesitate to think the view of life "ethically sound." And yet the book is by Conrad, in fact obviously by him; it is exactly like him, and could be by no one else. If not just what one would expect (for who can predict the work of such a one?), yet now that it has appeared unforeseen it is seen to be just right. Spectacular universe, sailormen, and all the rest, fade from the mind in the presence of Dona Rita and Monsieur George.

If criticism tries to catch up with fact at this exciting juncture, its first panting opinion is to the effect that here as elsewhere in Mr. Conrad's work we have confident Romance in spite of the temptations of the realistic manner. No glory of the commonplace here, in fact no commonplace at all; no careful exhibition of the sordid outcome of youthful passion or the depressing externals of older emotion; no Constances and no Sophias. Faithfulness and wisdom, if you like, but not in middle-class disguise. There is no calling of "Kamerad" before the advance of democratic dinginess and universal insensibility. This is a story of remarkable people picked out and not like others, two "who have nothing to do with the world as it is." Yet the surroundings, the atmosphere, are nothing very exciting; it is not that this group of Carlists in Marseilles in the seventies is exciting, it is even funny to see how Mr. Conrad neglects the exciting opportunities of gun-running on the Spanish coast, of conspiring with contrabandista in the gorges of the Pyrenees, and other such matters. Dona Rita and Monsieur George are, of course, among the supporters of that Don Carlos who kept up a sort of glamor from the pretensions of the Second Empire. But they might as well have been among the flotsam and jetsam of the South Seas, or the coming and going between sailors' lodging houses and ocean tramps. The possible romance of surrounding or circumstance is almost contemptuously rejected.

Mr. Conrad concentrates on the one great thing—the passion that unites these two. And when a writer can do that he can leave out all sorts of other things, or have them what he will. If he can do that he can leave out wonderful adventures and descriptions and psychology and all sorts of romantic circumstance—or realistic circumstance either, if it comes to that—for in comparison with the one great thing all such other things amount to little. It may not be the greatest thing in art, though under its influence one generally thinks it is. Greatest thing or not, it is rarely attained in literature—English literature at least. "Wuthering Heights" is the resource, in such cases, of the poor student of letters, but it does not much matter what other things one mentions; in the steady brilliancy (often unbearable to the purblind used to the softer illumination of current fiction) of the one we happen to be reading at the time, everything else burns with a rather tawny glow. It is a great achievement.

The most beautiful thing in Mr. Conrad's writing, heretofore, was the last part of "Victory," that last talk between Heyst and Lena. It is true that some think "Victory" is but poor stuff, written by Mr. Conrad in a melodramatic effort to be popular; and others are a little doubtful for other reasons, asking whether the relations of that really unpopular pair were moral. But however people may think on such matters, the last words of those two—the good, if harmless, seeking to banish themselves from a world not less vile than dangerous—were, up to the episode of Dona Rita and Monsieur George, Mr. Conrad's latest squeezings of the wine of wisdom which he had trodden out of the grapes of wrath or what not else that had got itself into his winepress. Life is a tragic, a foolish disillusion. One has high hopes (he showed us long ago), a day of ecstasy, and final years of exile. Man has sinned in being born, and life punishes the sin. For men, and women too, are mostly marionettes which dance, first one way and then another, at the command of they know not whom. Yet out of this miserable combination of charlatans and criminals there come at times (they really do come oftener than Mr. Conrad thinks) one and another who show us in glimpses how beautiful goodness is. Poor goodness! to be represented by such pale timorous persons as Axel and Lena, or for the matter of that by such unrepentant sinners as Dona Rita and Monsieur George. That is the most ironic touch of all. Yet even that last touch is not wanting here, and the reader submits gladly to this last straw.

A New Shipment of
AMERICAN
APPLE CIDER
has just been received
WHOLESALE FROM
Connell Bros. Co., *Agents*

Car Hire Service
Ring up Cent. **2403** for
5 and 7 Seaters
$3.00 and $5.00 per hour
The China Garage Co.
21 Foochow Road.
24859

Power Economy

Electric motors solve the problem of maximum production.
The correct answer to the power question is:
USE ELECTRIC MOTORS

The electric motor is universally acknowledged to be the most reliable and most convenient form of power; if also electricity from the Municipal supply be used, electric motors will be found to be more economical than any other power.

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT
POWER DEPT.: 66 SZECHUEN ROAD. TEL. CENTRAL 283

Peking Union Medical College

Announcements for the Academic Year 1919-20

The work of the reorganized Peking Union Medical College is divided between two schools: the Medical School, which gives a four years' course in medicine and an additional optional year of special work in the laboratories or hospital; and the Premedical School, which offers a three years' course preparatory to admission to the Medical School. The Premedical School was opened in September 1917. The Medical School will admit its first class on October 1, 1919.

All instruction in both the Medical and the Premedical Schools, except courses in Chinese language and literature, is given in the English language.

THE MEDICAL SCHOOL

Requirements for Admission: The minimum requirements for admission to the Medical School are graduation from an approved middle school, or its equivalent, and the completion of not less than three years of college work. This must include satisfactory courses in biology, chemistry (including general, analytical, and organic), physics, English Chinese, and at least one other foreign language.

All candidates for admission, except graduates of the Premedical School, must pass satisfactory examinations in the subjects required for admission.

Curriculum: During the year 1919-20 only the subjects included in the first year of the medical course will be offered.

Graduate Courses and Research: Special courses in anatomy, physiology, and physiological chemistry will be offered during the year 1919-20 to graduates in medicine or other qualified persons. Visitors who desire to investigate special problems may be granted the use of the laboratories at the discretion of the Director.

THE PREMEDICAL SCHOOL

Requirements for Admission: Admission is by entrance examination only. To be eligible for the entrance examinations, a candidate must be a graduate of an approved middle school or its equivalent, and must possess a good working knowledge of English, both oral and witten.

Curriculum: The Premedical School offers a three-year course in the fundamental subjects which are prerequisite to the study of medicine, including mathematics, biology, chemistry, physics, Chinese, English, French, and German. Students who complete satisfactorily the work of the Premedical School are admitted to the Medical School without further examinations.

Advanced Standing: Admission with advanced standing will be granted to candidates who present suitable credentials showing the completion of one or more years of work of collegiate grade and who pass satisfactory examinations in the subjects for which credit is desired.

Calendar: The first semester opens September 23, 1919, and closes January 30, 1920; the second semester opens February 3, 1920, and closes June 16.

EXAMINATIONS

Examinations for admission to the first year of the Medical School and for admission to the Premedical School will be held at Peking and at Shanghai on June 9 to 13 and August 25 to 29, 1919. In case the number of applicants warrants it, examinations will be held at other centers. Applications for admission and requests for further information should be addressed to

The Dean,
Peking Union Medical College, Peking, China.

SALES OFFICE
C 453 Honan Road, Shanghai

Mexican $11 only
For a Copy of
Webster's New International Dictionary
1919 Edition
This is the Genuine Webster published by G. & C. Merriam Co., U. S. A.
Outport Postage $1 extra.
For Sale at
CHOW TZU KONG'S, 111 Szechuen Road.

American and English
SCHOOL AND COLLEGE TEXTBOOKS
Get Them at
SINCERE'S STORE
PRICES UNEQUALLED

"Green Bicycle" Brand
ROLLER FLOUR
(green label)
The Highest Grade Flour milled in Shanghai. Manufactured under the supervision of an American Miller.
Cheaper
than any kind of imported flour
Quality
equal to the best imported flour
Ask for "GREEN LABEL"
Fou Foong Flour Mill Co.
HEAD OFFICE
57 Peking Road: Phone, Central 158
We are doing both wholesale and retail business, and will send goods to destination ordered.
AGENCIES:
Ting Sheng Rice Shop, Broadway.
Heng Sheng Rice Shop, French Concession.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."
YOUR BLOOD WANTS PURIFYING

IF You are troubled with Eczema, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Boils, Sores, or Eruptions of any kind continually bursting through the skin.
IF You are suffering the aches and pains of Bad Legs, Blood Poison, Abscesses, Ulcers, Scrofulous and Ulcerated Sores, Glandular Swellings, &c.
IF You have that constant itching and inflammation of Piles.
IF You are in the grip of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Gout, &c. &c.

All these are sure signs of clogging blood impurity, calling for immediate treatment through the blood, so don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and messy ointments which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want, and what you must have to be permanently cured, is a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poisonous matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering. Clarke's Blood Mixture is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities (from whatever cause arising), and by rendering it clean and pure, can be relied on to effect a complete and lasting cure.

THE TRUE VALUE of Clarke's Blood Mixture is certified by a remarkable collection of unsolicited testimonials from grateful patients of all classes—patients who have been cured after being given up as incurable—patients who have been cured after trying many other treatments without success.—*See pamphlet round bottle.*

Clarke's Blood Mixture is pleasant to take and guaranteed harmless to the most delicate constitution of either sex. Of all chemists and stores. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

Clarke's Blood Mixture
The World's Best Blood Purifier.

THIS WEEK
Specially displayed in Furniture Dept.
All up-to-date Patterns of
Washing Stands,
Enamelled Baths and Basins,
White Porcelain Troughs,
Nickelled Towel Racks,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
for
Residences
Schools
Hospitals
THE SINCERE CO., LTD.
The chief source of supply for
Bathroom Fittings and Lavatory Fixtures.

The Dickens Circle

Intimate Glimpse Of 'Boz' Among The Great Victorians

The Dickens Circle. By J. W. T. Ley. Published by E. P. Dutton & Co. Illustrated, 368 pages. Price $9.00.

Not every one is a Dickens fan. There are those who think his humor, well—British. There are others who maintain the great novelist has indulged in mawkish sentimentality to an unpardonable degree. It is our own personal whim to hope such honest thinking critics are few, and to believe that the majority of those who in their awkward, knee-trousered era stumbled upon Oliver Twist and Paul Dombey, or blinked miserably over the last wan smile of Little Nell, were drawn to a wholesome appreciation of and love for the creator of these characters.

Dickens had a great sympathy for the under dog, the chap who was down on his luck. To the maturer illumination of those who at first thrilled to the novelist's inimitable telling of a bit of adventure, romance or crime, flashed an understanding of the life Dickens himself must have lived in order to write with such conviction of the people who inhabited London's byways and slums.

David Copperfield around the Dickens was his most frequent visitor. He cheered him with narratives of bygone days; he poured some of his own abundant warmth into his heart; he led him into new channels of thought; he gave readings to rouse his interest; he waked up in him again by his vivid descriptions his sense of humor; he conjured back his smile and his laugh—Charles Dickens was and is to me the ideal of friendship."

of Them All' dealing with John Forster, biographer and most intimate of Dickens's friends.

The Thackeray chapter was to us the most interesting. That the cynical genius was supposed to have envied Dickens his tremendous popularity with the English may be true. That his envy was ever a picayune jealousy seems impossible in view of the following delightful tribute Thackeray paid his rival novelist, when in a lecture he gave in 1855, Thackeray said:

"All children love him [Dickens]. I know two that do, and read his books ten times for one they peruse the dismal preachments of their father. I know one who, when she is happy, reads 'Nicholas Nickleby;' when she is unhappy, reads 'Nicholas Nickleby;' when she is tired, reads 'Nicholas Nickleby;' when she is in bed, reads 'Nicholas Nickleby;' when she has nothing to do, reads 'Nicholas Nickleby,' and when she has finished the book reads 'Nicholas Nickleby' again. This critic, at ten years of age, said: 'I like Mr. Dickens's books better than yours, papa,' and frequently expressed her desire that the latter author should write a book like one of Mr. Dickens's books. Who can?"

Dickens and Thackeray ending an estrangement that had made both unhappy; Dickens at Thackeray's grave—of these we should like to quote Mr. Ley. But space forbids.

Not only on holidays, but when misfortune or tribulation overtook those he loved, was Dickens a rare and precious friend. When Macready retired from the stage and lay at Shefborne ill and alone, Dickens visited him often, and of these visits Lady Pollock wrote:

"When the weight of time and sorrow pressed Macready down,

LOCALS HAVE EASY TIME WITH WILMINGTON NINE

Shanghai Has Little Difficulty In Trimming Sailor Team By Score Of 9-1

With a team much weaker than the nine that took three straight from Shanghai earlier in the season, the U.S.S. Wilmington lost to the locals by a 9-1 score yesterday afternoon and gave little evidence of either opposition or baseball. The sailors garnered but four safe bingles off Gill and the lone tally was the result of a pass, a steal, a single and a wild pitch. Shanghai hit the ball when bingles were necessary and the nine sailor errors didn't keep the score down a bit.

Hopkins was the big man with the willow, the first sacker hitting safely each of the three times he went to the plate, getting a triple in his second journey. Hoppy would have made a circuit on the clout had he not tripped when rounding first base. Giauque hit one out of the lot for a homer.

The locals pulled two fast double plays; Edsell, the sailor shortstop, made two great stops and throws, and Porky Flynn hit Doc Downs.

The Wilmington is badly crippled by the wholesale transfer of men. Among the 87 of the crew who have been sent to Manila were six ball players and the club is not as strong by some miles as it was before the trip to Hankow.

The box score:

Shanghai

	AB	R	H	TB	PO	A	E
Gill, p	3	1	1	1	1	0	0
Crow, 3b	4	1	1	1	0	2	1
Giauque, lf	4	2	2	5	2	0	0
Bradley, c	4	0	1	1	6	1	0
Hoffman, ss	3	1	0	0	3	4	0
Hopkins, 1b	3	2	3	5	7	0	0
French, 2b	2	0	0	0	2	3	0
Alexander, cf, rf	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
Clair, cf	3	1	1	1	0	0	0
Ozorio, rf	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	29	9	9	14	21	10	1

U. S. S. Wilmington

	AB	R	H	TB	PO	A	E
Cheslock, 3b	1	1	1	1	0	1	2
Keeton, cf	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
Clift, 1b	3	0	1	1	9	1	1
Pruitt, lf	3	0	0	0	0	1	0
Edsell, ss	3	0	1	1	0	0	1
Clinton, 2b	3	0	1	1	3	4	2
Flynn, c	3	0	0	0	3	2	1
Brecker, rf	2	0	0	0	2	0	0
Lawler, p	2	0	0	0	0	5	3
Totals	23	1	4	4	18	14	10

By innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	R	H	E
Shanghai	3	1	2	1	2	0	4	9	9	1
Wilmington	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	10

Hits by innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	T
Shanghai	2	2	1	2	2	0	4	9
Wilmington	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	4

Earned runs—Shanghai, 4; U.S.S. Wilmington, 1. Left on bases—Shanghai, 5; U.S.S. Wilmington, 3. First base on errors—Shanghai, 5; U.S.S. Wilmington, 1. Three base hit—Hopkins. Home run—Giauque. Stolen bases—Giauque, 2; Gill, Crow, Cheslock. Sacrifice hit—French. Struck out—by Gill, 6; by Lawler, 2. First base on balls—off Gill, 2; off Lawler, 2. Double plays—French to Hoffman to Hopkins; Hoffman to French to Hopkins. Wild pitches—Gill and Lawler. Umpires—Bower and Downs. Time of game—one hour and ten minutes.

And Watch The Coolies!

The Coolies will play against a picked team of Shanghai youngsters on Sunday afternoon, the second game in a doubleheader, and the Chinese anticipate a little surprise party for their foreign brethren.

The coolies have been working out every morning and will be in pretty fair shape to play on Sunday afternoon. They lost to the youngsters two weeks ago by a 10-9 score.

Japanese Series May Start Sunday

A three-game series between Shanghai and a picked team of Japanese players may start at the Race Course Sunday afternoon. The decision will be announced this morning.

It is planned to stage games on Sunday afternoon and the Sunday following and if a third game is necessary, it will be played September 7.

The Japanese mean business and have already picked a star outfit from the 20 teams now playing in the Japanese hong league. Eleven men have been selected for the team and it will be in charge of Imayi, the Mitsubishi Shoji Kaisha pitcher.

Sox Game This Afternoon

The Red Sox and Blue Sox will play this afternoon at the Race Course. The game is scheduled for 5:30 o'clock. If it starts as promptly as previous Sox battles and yesterday's game between Shanghai and the Wilmington, there is no reason why the game can not be called on account of darkness. Incidentally it just thrills the spectators to see ball players come out 20 minutes late and then insist on 30 minutes of batting practice.

Millionaire Sailor Who Is 'Chained' To Navy

Eli L. Perkins.

What to do with his money? That is the question that is puzzling Eli L. Perkins, a young farmer who enlisted in the navy when the war began. For in his absence from home oil in large quantities was discovered on the eighty-acre tract he bought down near Eastland, Texas, six years ago. The gusher is yielding 6,000 barrels of crude oil, and Perkins's income is about $450,000 a year. "The Millionaire Gob," as they call him on the big liner Imperator, aboard which he is a humble coal passer, recently arrived in New York.

Just before the Imperator left for France on her last eastbound voyage the young Texan received a letter from his parents. It told of the discovery of the gusher on the farm, and urged Eli to get his release from the navy and hurry home to take charge of the development of the gusher.

But even if he is obliged to complete his full period of enlistment in the navy, he says, he will make the best of it.

"The longer I'm in the navy," he said, "the richer I'll be, and maybe when I am out I'll be as rich as Rockefeller. Wouldn't be surprised at all from what the folks down home write. But if I'm not I think I'll be able to worry along on a little old $450,000 a year and do a bit of good with it, too."

Lawn Bowls

The semi-final of the Lawn Bowls Pairs Championship was played off yesterday afternoon on the rinks of the Junior Golf Club when Messrs. F. Ferrier and A. Taylor met Messrs. J. C. Macdougal and J. J. Sheridan.

The former pair won the match by 21 to 17 but the score does not represent the fine display of bowls given. At the 20th end the score board read 18 to 17 in favor of the winners, who in the 21st end showed their superior skill by putting in three more woods.

The final of this competition now lies between Messrs. Bissett and Malcolm (holders) and the winners of yesterday's match. Although neither ground nor day has been yet selected for the playing off of the final it is expected that Friday will see the four members of Yangtszepoo Lawn Bowls Club compete for the much coveted trophy.

Swimming

There was a large crowd of spectators last night at the Rowing Club tank to witness the preliminary heats of the 1 length and 2 lengths handicaps, the finals of which will be swum off at the annual swimming gala and aquatic sports of the Club on August 20 and 30.

The following were the results:

Heat 1

E. V. Fetherstonhaugh scratch	1
J. H. Johnston 3 secs.	2
K. A. Mansfield 1 sec.	0

Fetherstonhaugh's net time was 16 secs.

Heat 2

E. A. Brodie scratch	1
J. B. Brown 1 sec.	2
W. M. S. Brand 2 secs.	0

Heat 1

E. V. Fetherstonhaugh scratch	1
J. B. Brown 3 secs.	2
K. A. Mansfield 3 secs.	3
J. H. Johnston 7 secs.	0

Fetherstonhaugh's net time was 16 1-5 secs.

Heat 2

A. P. Goldman 2 secs.	1
E. A. Brodie scratch	2

Water Polo

Whites: W. Starling; P. S. Page and J. S. Agassiz; R. W. MacCabe; E. A. Brodie, Smith Yates and K. A. Mansfield.

Blues: J. H. Johnston; J. H. Johns and W. J. Gande; A. A. Macdonald; A. K. Brown, A. P. Goldman and W. M. S. Brand.

In the first half Brown scored for the Blues, then Goldman notched another goal, while Yates put one through for the Whites.

In the second period Brodie scored one for the Whites, thus equalising for his side. No further scoring resulted and the final reading was a tie: Blues 2 goals; Whites 2 goals.

Mr. A. A. Macdonald refereed.

Today's Tennis

Shanghai Lawn Tennis Association league games are scheduled for this afternoon as follow:

Recreation Club v. Cercle Sportif, on Recreation Club ground.

Portuguese Club v. Cricket Club, on Portuguese Club ground.

Columbia Country Club v. Japanese Club, on Columbia Club ground.

The following will represent the Shanghai Cricket Club: Norman and Knight, Butchart and Wheen, Middleton and A. J. Grant, Banister and Graham, Read and Field. Reserves—Caulton, Brandtmar.

The following will represent the Columbia Country Club this afternoon in the games against the Japanese Tennis Club: Sheldon and Gulick, R. B. Nichols and Wythe, Gold and Wooten, Massie and Richardson, W. A. B. Nichols and Torrey.

China Political Notes From Chinese Press

The Tuan Chi-jui clique held a meeting at the home of Mr. Tseng Yo-tsing and it was decided to elect General Lu Yung-ting Vice-president of the Republic on condition that General Tuan will be again appointed Premier.

Following a joint meeting of the Senate and the Lower House of the old Parliament in Canton, it was decided to oppose the appointment of Mr. Wang Yi-tang as the Northern chief delegate to the internal peace conference.

When interviewed and asked whether or not the Peking Parliament is going to dissolve itself, Mr. Wang Yi-tang stated that the Peking Parliament may be sacrificed, but the decision will have to be reached by itself, as it will not stand any outside interference.

The North and the South have almost reached the decision to have both the old and the new Parliaments dissolved at the same time. The Chiaotung Clique is at present planning to control the next election.

The Diplomatic Commission has decided to pigeon-hole the Shantung question for the present, to restore peace at once with Germany and to appoint a minister to Berlin. A cablegram from Mr. Lu Tseng-hsiang advocates that action.

The Cabinet has telegraphed to General Chen Yi of Urga to state that the Living Buddha has despatched troops to resist the advance of General Semenoff and remains loyal to the Central Government, there the Kirin and Heilungkiang authorities have been instructed to send him reinforcements. The telegram expressed the desire of Peking to appease the minds of the authorities of Outer Mongolia and to have the most up-to-date reports about the fighting condition there.

Former Tuchun of Kirin Meng En-yuan is procrastinating in his trip to Peking. It is learned that complications in handing over his office are delaying his tour.

A meeting of the officers of the Salt Gabelle has been called at Peking by the Salt Administration. Representatives from various provinces are arriving daily in the Capital. It is understood that the meeting will devise means to improve the distribution and production of salt and the assessment of taxes on the mineral as well as the elimination of unnecessary offices.

DRINK
RED ROC
The Perfect Water

Unclaimed Telegrams

Commercial Pacific Cable Co.

Aug. 4—Stewart, Astor, Shanghai; Santa Barbara, Cal.

4—Barnett, Kalee, Shanghai; Philadelphia.

14—Abraham Silberstein, Shanghai; San Francisco.

14—Sanders, Shanghai; Seattle.

15—Davis, Astor House, Shanghai; Manila.

14—Murk, Astor House, Shanghai; Chicago.

18—Paul Grafton, Shanghai; Cleveland, Ohio.

19—Arkus, Shanghai; New York.

Today's Band Programs

S. M. Band Program

The following program will be played by the Band in the Public Garden today, weather permitting, beginning at 9 p.m.:

1. March—
   The American Ace.....Hildreth
2. Overture—Il Barriere di Sivigiia ..... Rossini
3. Waltz—Pimie d'Ou ....Waldteufel
4. Selection—
   The Spring Chicken.....Caryll
5. (a) One Step—Some Shape..Cobb
   (b) Ronde Lentains .....Gillet
6. Balero—I am a Rose.....Mariani
7. (a) Serenade—My Girl...Douglas
   (b) Fox Trot—The Ghost of the Ukulele ..... Smith
8. Selection—
   The Belle of Cairo..Kinsey-Pelle

A. DE KUYPER,
Conductor-in-Charge.

French Municipal Band

Performance by the French Municipal Band will be given today at the Koukaza Public Garden, weather permitting, at 6 p.m., program as follows:

1. En fete—Pas redouble.....Viney
2. La Czarine—Mazurka .....Ganne
3. Miss Helyett—Fantaisie...Audran
4. Pas des Patineurs—
   Danse ..... Farigoul
5. Espana—Valse Espagnole.....X..
6. Roccoco—Intermezzo .... Aletter

J. F. HEYMANS,
Le Chef de Musique.

THE NERVES AND SUCCESS

Nervousness is the greatest obstacle to success, and it is an enemy of happiness and health. Victims of "nerves" are handicapped, even though in other respects competent, for they lack energy, confidence, coolness, courage and health.

Nervousness is a sign that the nerves are weak and not receiving sufficient nourishment from the blood. The blood is at fault, and if you look at the color of your face, lips and gums you will see you are anaemic as well as nervous.

Healthy blood carries a constant supply of nourishment to the nervous network, feeding the nerves, keeping them toned up and repairing "wear and tear."

The tonic treatment with Dr. Williams' pink pills makes new blood, and new blood is a necessity if nerve troubles are to be overcome. Dr. Williams' pink pills supply the nerves, through the blood, with the vital elements on which they thrive, and a short course will prove what an invaluable tonic they are in neuralgia, nervous exhaustion, or neurasthenia, St. Vitus' dance and other disorders arising from weak nerves.

They are obtainable from dealers everywhere, also at $1.50 the bottle, $8.00 for six, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai. Start a course and begin to recover nervous force now. You can obtain a free copy of a useful booklet, "The Nerves and Their Needs," by sending a postcard to the above address.

Walk-Over
TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
SHOES

You have worn shoes purchased from us. STYLES and QUALITIES are right and a "STORE SERVICE" that makes it a pleasure to visit the store. This is our aim, and when we find we cannot do this we will quit. These are *shoes of the hour for the man of the Day.* May we expect you?

"CARLTON" MODEL

Can be had in Black or Dark Brown Calf leather.

"KNICKERBOCKER" MODEL

Can be had in black or Russia Vici Kid leather.

PHOENIX SILK SOCKS

WALK-OVER SHOE STORE
"The Store Ahead"
24 NANKING ROAD

"Kavkas Mercury & Vostochnoe" Ltd.

WAREHOUSING, INSURANCE AND TRANSPORT OF GOODS WITH ADVANCES.
Established 1840.
HEAD OFFICE IN PETROGRAD

FOREMOST Russian Steamship Company. Owners of over 300 Cargo and Passenger steamers, plying on the Vola, Kama, Oka, Kura and Caspian Sea.

Inclusive through transport rates quoted and through Bills of Lading issued to all parts of the world.

SPECIAL FACILITIES GRANTED FOR SHIPMENTS TO AND FROM RUSSIA. Marine and War Insurance risks covered on first class policies at lowest current rates.

Charges and Invoices collected through our Branches and Agencies. BRANCH OFFICES AND WAREHOUSES IN ALL RUSSIAN TOWNS OF IMPORTANCE. Also in Great Britain, France, Italy and United States of America.

M. A. MORDUCOVITCH, Manager.

Telephone No. 1478. The Bund.

PHONE WEST 189
FORD HIRE SERVICE
ORIENTAL MOTRO COMPANY, 77 ROUTE VALLON

KAHN SYSTEM OF FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION

With three outstanding features of excellence:—

(1) Prompt and intelligent service by capable engineers in China.
(2) The best products obtainable, developed by men who know.
(3) Stocks available in China.

TRUSCON STEEL CO. TRUSCON BUILDING PRODUCTS

RIB BARS — EXPANDED RIB METAL — RIB LATH
HY-RIB — PRESSED STEEL BEAMS — STEEL SASH
STEEL FLORE TYLES
MASONRY PAINTS — TRUSCON WATERPROOFING PASTE

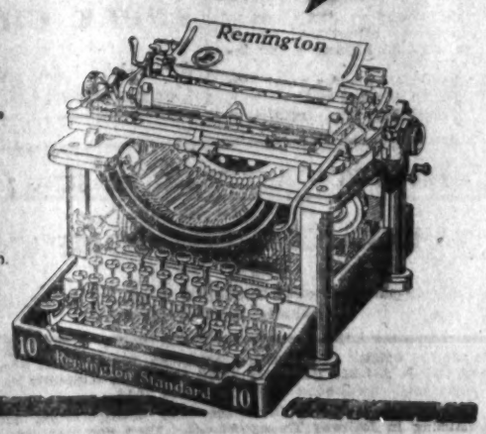
Consultation and co-operation with architects and builders invited.

TRUSCON STEEL CO., OF U.S.A.
AMERICAN TRADING CO., Agents.
Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow.

$ Mex. 143 Net
Model 10 "A"

Direct from Remington Factory

Remington
Typewriters



MUSTARD & CO.
22 Museum Road, Shanghai.
Tel. Central 2341

Branches.-Hongkong, Hankow, Tientsin, Harbin.

Sole representatives for China, including Hongkong and Macao.

OBSERVER SAYS VIENNA WILL NOT BE BOLSHEVIK

Tells Of Evidences Of Weak Attempt To Win The City

NO SIGN OF BLOODSHED

Nevertheless The People Were On Verge Of Starving And Almost Desperate

By J. M. Oskison

It is true that Vienna is hungry. In the three days I was there, between April 9 and 12, three separate communications came to me appealing for help to feed the hungry and helpless. I had only been in my hotel a few hours when a delegation of women, headed by an American woman who had married an Austrian, came to petition me for American food to support the charitable organisations for babies, which they represented. The women said that many children were dying daily in their homes and in the hospitals from starvation. Other appeals came from the German Austria Central Committee to Fight Tuberculosis and from the head master of a boy's school in Vienna.

Hungry as the people are, however, it is apparent to even the most rebellious and desperate that rioting will not bring them food. Big placards posted throughout the city inform them that Allied support will be withdrawn if rioting breaks out. All attempts therefore to give the city over to the Communists are halfhearted affairs. One such little "show" was staged at the Parliament Building the day I arrived. News of the fracas came as our train pulled into the station. The rioters had been dispersed from the streets and the little park south of the Parliament Building only a few hours previous to our arrival. At my hotel I was told of cavalry charges and machine guns, and of a general unexpressed fear pervading the city. That was midnight of April 17.

Next day in the cold and rain I went round to the scene of this abortive Communist effort to see what traces had been left of the fighting There were very few. The ground floor windows of the Parliament Building at the southern end were out and the wooden shutters inside had been closed. Some of these shutters showed smoke smudges, evidences of the attempt to set fire to the building by throwing oil-soaked cotton waste through the broken panes. A few windows on the second floor were also broken; some were only "starred," where stones had been thrown with insufficient force to shatter the glass.

Fresh scars on the rather grimy front of the Palace of Justice across the little park advertised some very wild firing. Then, going round the corner of the Parliament Building I found more bullet scars. But not even a window in the Palace of Justice Building was broken.

A scattering procession of curious people fled by. The little gray-clad Volkswehr soldiers who had replaced the city police as guards walked up and down slowly; sometimes one of them had to call a low-voiced warning to the people to keep moving. Under a nearby arcade, out of the rain, a small girl was tossing a gray-and black ball against a wall and scambling awkwardly after it; a short old man with a bushy white beard came briskly by, stopped to speak to a soldier in one of the war-time helmets which made the German and Austrian troops look like travesties of knights. Most of them wore cloth caps, with a sort of red sash across over the ear; I saw all sorts of weapons hanging to them, from the small smart Brownings affected by the modern officer to the long Luger in its wooden case; short trench knives, sabres, bayonets—and the long Austrian rifle strapped across the back. There were officers in bright blue short coats with wide cheap fur collars—these passed back and forth. From certain broken windows I saw soldiers leaning and regarding the people.

The 'Battle'

Then I went to find out the facts as to the battle. Hunger was at the bottom of the row. Three classes of people were involved—the unemployed, the prisoners of war who had come back with neither money nor strength to labor, and those men who were so mutilated in the war that their earning power has gone. To such the German-Austrian Government had been paying six kronen a day (plus three kronen daily for the family of 12). In United States money the kronen has a value of 3 1-3 cents. In various meetings before the 17th these out of luck citizens of Vienna had made a personal demand on Parliament to increase the allowance to a maximum of 25 kronen a day instead of 12.

God knows they had a case! To buy a pound of meat in the city a family receiving the maximum allowance would have to save for two days and invest the whole sum received. As a matter of course they bought no meat; for weeks there had been no meat even for people with money to buy. Their children were not getting the milk allowance prescribed by the Food Controller, 3-4 litre per day for those under two years old; the baby that got 1-4 litre a day was lucky, less than half a pint.

They were in rags, literally. They were slowly starving, literally. They had endured more than they had thought possible to endure. Then on the 17th some of them had plucked up courage to go and tell the Parliament that they couldn't go on living on starvation pay.

I asked about their leaders. I could hear of nobody with a reputation as a Bolshevist organiser; I did hear of certain rich and aristocratic men and women who had encouraged in writings and speeches the effort to overthrow the Government. Try as I would, I could find no solid evidence that Vienna meant to follow the example of Budapest.

MERCHANT MARINE CHANGES

The following changes in the merchant marine service took place during the week:

China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company—second engineer of the Feiching, Mr. H. Leamen, transferred to the Haean; from short leave, Mr. E. Mattamen, to fourth engineer of the Kiangwah; fourth engineer of the Kiangwah, Mr. T. Flor, to third engineer of the Kungping; second engineer of the Haean, Mr. D. T. Monroe, to chief engineer of the Irene.

Indo-China Steam Navigation Company—third officer of the Waishing, Mr. N. Sharratt, to supernumerary, second officer of the Koonshing; from reserve, Mr. H. S. Hurley, to chief officer of the Kwongsang; chief officer of the Kwongsang, Mr. E. R. L. Paul, granted home leave; Mr. R. N. Burton, appointed second officer of the Kwongsang; second officer of the Kwongsang, Mr. R. Tueey, on leave to pass; second officer of the Choysang, Mr. J. Powell, to acting chief officer; chief officer of the Choysang, Mr. W. Brewer, to acting master; master of the Choysang, Mr. J. M. Wright, on leave.

HEFFERSON GOES AGROUND

The United States Shipping Board steamer Hefferon, with 900 invalided Czecho-Slovak soldiers aboard, went aground shortly after leaving Kobe for Hongkong and was to put back into Kobe for repairs, according to a telegram received at the American Consulate.

The Hefferon was originally expected to stop at Shanghai on the way to Marseilles, but it was announced yesterday at the local offices of the Admiral Line that the steamer would not call at this port.

When you're thirsty try a glass of iced AMERICAN **APPLE CIDER**

At all clubs, hotels and stores **Connell Bros. Co.**, *Agents.*

HAVE YOU ANYTHING TO SEND?
Then call up the
CHINA EXPRESS COMPANY
North 1612

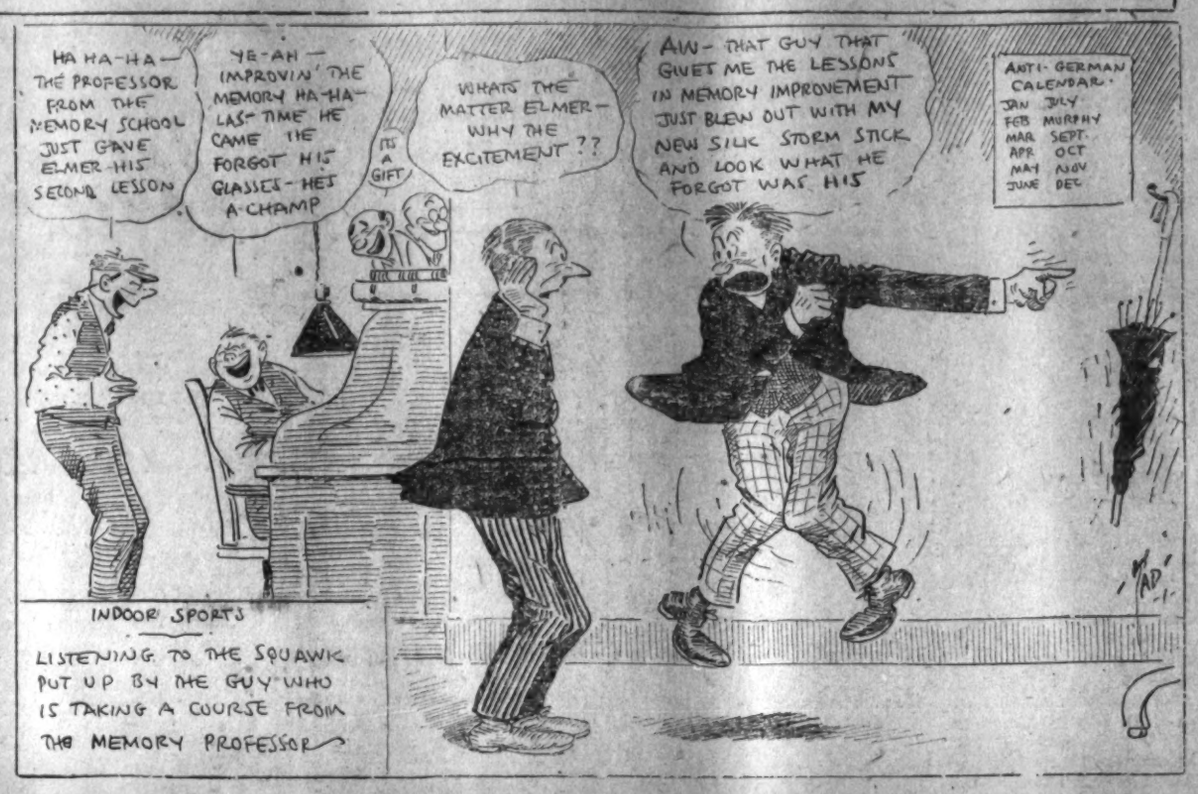
Freights or parcels booked through S. N. R., T. P. R., Lunghai Railway, Peking-Hankow, etc.

Exclusive Express service by the S. N. R., S. H. N. R.

We are the official Agents of the American Express Co., Shanghai. Head Office: 207-211 Boundary Road, Shanghai, (Opposite the Railway Station). Telephone North 2180 and 1612.

THE CHINA EXPRESS CO., is the only transportation company specialising in Railway Transportation. Thus you may rely on us for service.

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad


HA HA-HA— THE PROFESSOR FROM THE MEMORY SCHOOL JUST GAVE ELMER HIS SECOND LESSON
YE-AH— IMPROVIN' THE MEMORY HA-HA— LAS' TIME HE CAME HE FORGOT HIS GLASSES—HE'S A-CHAMP
IT'S A GIFT
WHAT'S THE MATTER ELMER— WHY THE EXCITEMENT??
AW- THAT GUY THAT GIVES ME THE LESSONS IN MEMORY IMPROVEMENT JUST BLEW OUT WITH MY NEW SILK STORM STICK AND LOOK WHAT HE FORGOT WAS HIS
ANTI-GERMAN CALENDAR
JAN JULY
FEB MURPHY
MAR SEPT.
APR OCT
MAY NOV
JUNE DEC
INDOOR SPORTS
LISTENING TO THE SQUAWK PUT UP BY THE GUY WHO IS TAKING A COURSE FROM THE MEMORY PROFESSOR

Pigeon, Deserter From R34, Picked Up By Steamer At Sea

New York, July 16.—While the R-34 was speeding eastward a week ago, one of the two carrier pigeons slipped from a window of the forward gondola and disappeared into the night, being officially reported as a "casualty" by Brig. Gen. E. J. Maitland when the dirigible came down at Pulham, England. If, however, Captain John Chapman of the Munson liner West Kyska, which arrived yesterday from London, is correct, there's an entry due in the service records of the British Air Ministry, to read as follows: "Returned to duty, N. U. R. P. 16-0."

Last Friday found the West Kyska 1,100 miles east of Sandy Hook. It was a blustery day and the rain fell in unbroken lines. Watching the swirling disappearance of a wave that had smacked in over the bow, Captain Chapman suddenly saw a bird drop out of the sky and land on deck almost at the tip of the bow. A misguided seagull, he thought, but he changed that verdict when the bedraggled bit of feathers, which proved to be a carrier pigeon, unsteadily got on its feet. Captain Chapman had two seamen make a guest of the newcomer in short order.

Down on the Captain's table minutes afterward the pigeon, utterly exhausted, was fed.

Looking the pigeon over, the officers discovered on its right leg an aluminum band with the letters "N. U. R. P. 16-O" stamped on it. There was a hook attached to the band, seemingly for a letter-cartridge, but nothing else that would serve to identify the stranger.

When the Munson Liner docked yesterday, Captain Chapman himself took the bird to the offices of the line, and officials there, suspecting that it was the missing passenger of the R-34, took the pigeon to the offices of the British Provost Guard, 44 Whitehall Street, turning it over to Colonel Norman Thwaites. Colonel Thwaites immediately got in touch with the United States Army Signal Corps on Bedloes Island, where the officer in charge said that it was undoubtedly a British bird.

According to the reports of the arrivavl of the R-34 at the hangars at Pulham, General Maitland said that the trip had produced only "one casualty," the loss of one of the pigeons carried for emergency signalling purposes, when the bird escaped in the early hours of the morning of July 9.

Colonel Thwaites cabled a description of the whitish-gray bird to England last night.

DRINK
RED ROC
The Perfect Water

Your Health Comes First

Good Health is your most valuable asset;—its preservation should, therefore, receive your most careful consideration. An important point which should always be borne in mind is the fact that a great many forms of ill-health can be traced, directly or indirectly, to disorders of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. It is wise, therefore, to keep these organs in healthy activity. When they show any signs of derangement let that reliable medicine, Beecham's Pills, be taken at once. Always deal with digestive ailments in time. They are far-reaching in their possibilities of mischief if neglected, as they too often are. And yet it is generally easy to keep fit and well and free from many debilitating ailments by the simple use of

Beecham's Pills

Sold everywhere in boxes, price 1/1½ (56 pills) & 2/9 (168 pills).

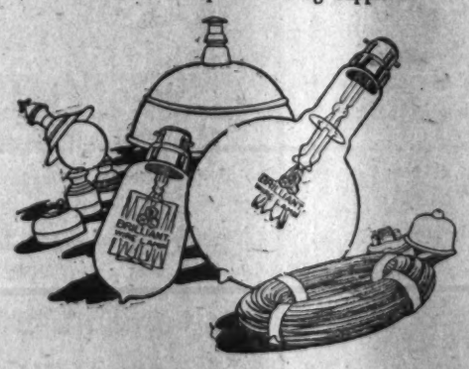
A-74

BRILLIANT WIRE LAMP

Anything Electrical

Bought here will convince you that we carry the best line of Electrical Supplies.

"Home of Lamps & Wiring Supplies"



Brilliant Electric Company

Consulting Engineers & Electrical Contractors

P564, Nanking Road, Shanghai. 'Phone: Cent. 4907

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twenty-two per cent, or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirty-seven per cent, or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse. It causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.

The signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* guarantees genuine Castoria

Physicians Recommend Castoria.

"I have used your Castoria in cases of colic in children and have found it the best medicine of its kind on the market."
J. E. SIMPSON, M. D., Chicago, Ill.

"A medicine so valuable and beneficial for children as your Castoria is deserves the highest praise. I find it to use everywhere."
J. S. ALEXANDER, M. D., Omaha, Neb.

"Have used your Castoria on various occasions in suitable cases and have found it a palatable and efficient laxative, especially in the various diseases of childhood."
CHAS. EDWARD GARDINER, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Castoria is good for children and I frequently prescribe it, and always obtain the desired result."
F. GERALD BLATTNER, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

"I have prescribed Castoria to families for several years. It is all right. Mothers like it, for children will take it without any trouble."
C. A. WILSON, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

"Your Castoria is a splendid remedy for children, known the world over. I use it in my practice and have no hesitancy in recommending it for the complaints of infants and children."
J. A. BOARMAN, M. D., Kansas City, Mo.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS BANK, LTD.
9, Ningpo Road
A Bank of the Chinese, by the Chinese, and for Everybody

This Bank is a Chinese Bank, carrying on banking and exchange business of every description along modern lines.

It is our endeavor to execut every transaction, whether large or small, to the full satisfaction of our clients. "SERVICE and EFFICIENCY" is our motto.

Your visit is invited and your patronage solicited. This is YOUR BANK.

K. P. CHEN, *General Manager.*

Cable address: "COMSAVBANK"
hone No. C. 4522, C. 4523

Pond's Vanishing Cream

is based on one of the most valuable skin-softening substances ever discovered, a substance whose affinity for the skin is so great that the moment it is applied "Vanishes" and never reappears, as do many other toilet preparations.

It is fragrant and refreshing, it imparts to the skin a delightful sensation of coolness and velvety smoothness.

A light touch of POND'S VANISHING CREAM before applying powder gives the complexion an exquisite texture and a soft velvety bloom which cannot be obtained with powder alone. It is the ideal finishing touch.

As a safeguard against the ill effects of sun, wind and weather, POND'S VANISHING CREAM is simply wonderful. It preserves the necessary skin pliancy, and in the case of sunburn, does much to prevent unsightly peeling.

We want you to know, not from what we say, but from actual experience, how good POND'S VANISHING CREAM is for your skin. You have read about it, heard about it; now we want you to use it.

POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY'S
VANISHING CREAM
Sold Everywhere

Wholesale from the Sole Agents:
DODGE & SEYMOUR (China), LTD.
89-91 Rue Montauban *Telephone, Central 322*

To conform with U. S. Postal regulations all advertisements of Wines, Spirits and Liquors have been refused.

Business and Official Notices

(Second Section)

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid — Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1919

The Tientsin-Pukow Railway Administration.

Notification No. 288 (064-5).

The public is respectfully informed that the following regulations are enforced from date on the Tientsin-Pukow Line until further notice:—

Regulations for the Prevention of Cholera Epidemic on the Tientsin-Pukow Railway

1. Each batch of two medical officers are provided at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchow, Pengpu and Pukow stations as well as on junctions with other lines and waterways to examine passengers before tickets being sold to them at the station. If any passenger is found to be infected with the contagious disease, he shall be stopped from booking ticket and sent to a nearest hospital for treatment. Passengers of all classes coming off from trains shall also be subject to examination in like manner.

2. Medical officers are also provided on all UP and DOWN trains to examine passengers. In case any one being found infected with the disease, a simple treatment shall preliminarily be afforded, and, to avoid its spread, disinfection shall be promptly carried out and have the patient removed to the nearest hospital for treatment.

3. In case cholera broke out on a train on its midway and death occurred before sufficient measure can be had to afford treatment, the deceased shall be handed over to the nearest station which shall in conjunction with the local police authorities have the corpse promptly buried and disinfection carried out both on the spot as well as on the train so as to prevent infection.

4. During the period when the regulations of cholera prevention is being carried out, no coffin with corpse is allowed to be transported over any part or whole of this line.

5. Passenger cars of all classes attached to any UP and DOWN trains must be properly swept and kept clean. No dirt shall be allowed to remain especially on third class cars. Train guards shall supervise car boys and servants to carry out the work energetically and disinfection shall be applied as soon as a train arrives at its terminus station. Medical officers on trains will be held responsible to see that no unclean or deteriorated food stuff are supplied on dining and buffet cars attached to all trains. Offenders of the above will be severely dealt with.

6. Efficient disinfection must be kept on carrying out every day at all stations, waiting rooms, platforms, latrines and all places where passengers pass by.

7. For the benefit of public health, additional spittoons treated ready with lime and disinfection fluid are to be provided at all stations, waiting rooms and in trains.

8. Inspection at stations and on trains must be taken up with cordial attitude especially towards woman passengers. Advices in mild tone shall be offered in case of obstructions. No high handed manner is allowed and punishment is imperative if whoever commits such act.

9. At all stations sale of sweet melons, water melons, raw fruits, impure aerated water, fruit juice and all kinds of uncleanly cooked eatables that attract flies are prohibited.

10. At all the railway workshops, car sheds and places of resort of workmen, coolies and police, the officers in charge thereof shall effectively take in hand the precautionary measures against cholera as specially prescribed by the Railway Hospitals.

11. Report shall be made from time to time whenever development of the epidemic is noticed among passengers, workmen or labourers along the line.

12. All station staffs, guards, conductors and railway police officers either stationed or travelling in trains shall do their best to cooperate with the Sanitary Inspectors in carrying out their functions.

(sd.) S. C. SHU,
Managing Director.

Tientsin, 15th August, 1919.

24980

Dr. James Yuking's

Office for Venereal Diseases is now removed to 73 NANKING ROAD.

Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.

Special consideration to men in uniform.

NOTICE TO MARINERS

No. 685.

China Sea

Tientsin District, Gulf of Liaotung.

Further information regarding unofficial shore lights for lighting the approach to the Port of Chinwangtao.

With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 654 which notified in connection with the permanent discontinuance of the Chinwangtao Light, that the Kailan Mining Administration were exhibiting their Harbour Lights from sunset to sunrise to serve as an Aid to Navigation for the approach to the port of Chinwangtao, notice is hereby given that when these Harbour Lights are extinguished the Kailan Mining Administration will exhibit a powerful electric light from an elevated position on the Bluff near the site formerly occupied by the Chinwangtao Light.

CAUTION.—Mariners are warned that these shore lights are unofficial and unwatched and that they cannot be relied upon to the extent of officially controlled and watched Lights.

By Order of the Inspector General of Customs,

T. J. ELDRIDGE,
Coast Inspector.

The Maritime Customs,
Coast Inspector's Office,
Shanghai, 20th August, 1919.

25003

"BLUE FUNNEL" LINE

S.S. "JASON" ex NEW YORK

Consignees are hereby notified that this steamer, which has been ashore at Vladivostok, is expected to arrive today. Cargo will be discharged at Holt's Wharf, Pootung, but before delivery can be granted, Consignees will require to sign a General Average Bond and pay a Deposit of Ten (10) per cent of the nett arrived market value of their cargo.

On completion of the discharge, a General Average Survey on the whole of the cargo will be conducted at the Wharf by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy, the date of which will be announced later. No deliveries can be made until after the survey has taken place.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.

O.S.S. Co., Ld. & C.M.S.N. Co., Ld.
Shanghai, 21st August, 1919.

25008

Guarantee Withdrawn

Notice is hereby given that in view of the death of my father, Mr. Tai Yun Lai (戴運來), which took place on the 25th day of the 7th moon (20th August, 1919), all deeds of guarantee or surety executed by him in the name of Lee Chong (利昌) during his lifetime on behalf of his relatives, friends or others are hereby nullified from the date of his death.

TAI KUN SING (戴耕莘)
LEE CHONG & SONS.
7 North Soochow Road.

25001

WHARFAGE AND STORAGE RATES

On and after September 1st an increase of 15% on the existing Wharfage, Landing, and Storage rates will be charged, excepting for those goods for which Landing Accounts have been issued.

All rebates hitherto allowed will be withdrawn after August 31st, excepting on existing contracts made in writing and still in force at that date.

At the Pootung Wharves a rebate of 7½% will be granted on the Receiving, Storing, and Delivery charges.

Revised tariffs for Wharfage, Landing, and the Storage charges are being drawn up, and will be published in early November, the new tariffs coming into force as from January 1st, 1920.

Changkahpang Wharves. The Mitsubishi Co.
China Merchants' Wharves.
Holt's Wharf.
Kaiyoshа's Pootung Wharf.
Nippon Yusen Kaisha's Wharves.
Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Wharves.
Robert Dollar Co.'s Wharf.
Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Wharves.

24814

[redacted]

Business Men's Lunch at Sullivan's Candy Store
every day (excepting Sunday)
11.30 a.m. until 2 p.m.
Price 60 cts.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Company has revoked the powers of attorney heretofore given to James S. Fearon and Frank L. Fearon and that Walter A. B. Nichols has been elected President of said Company and appointed general manager for China under full power of attorney.

FEARON, DANIEL & CO., INC.

Shanghai, August 18th, 1919.

NOTICE

I hereby give notice that I have been elected President and appointed General Manager for China of Fearon, Daniel & Company, Inc., under full power of attorney and that all other powers of attorney heretofore held by any other person or persons to represent said company in China except such as have been given by me under power of substitution have been revoked.

W. A. B. NICHOLS,
President and General Manager for China of Fearon, Daniel & Company, Inc.

Shanghai, August 18th, 1919.

24984

MANUFACTURERS EXPORTERS IMPORTERS

We are in a position, through our reliable connections throughout the United States to guarantee the absolute top-prices for any goods you may desire to ship. We also purchase and ship American goods of all description, and in any quantity desired, at manufacturers rock-bottom quotations.

We shall, at all times, be glad to give you detailed reports of the possibilities of import and export in any particular line of goods.

If you are desirous of taking advantage of the new and unprecedented trade conditions which the American Market offers you today, you should communicate with

L. A. NIELSEN CO.
Commercial Brokers
1742 Bush Street, San Francisco.
California, U. S. A.

Cable Address "NILWES."

24890

CHINESE TELEGRAPH ADMINISTRATION

The Public is hereby notified that on and after September 1st, rates for ordinary traffic exchanged between China and America, via Pacific, will be reduced approximately by twenty per cent.

By Order,
CHOW WAN PANG,
District Director and Manager.

Shanghai, August 19th, 1919.

24988

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN

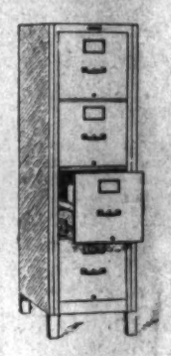
METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

BROADWAY-SHANGHAI — PHONE: NORTH 1468

We Specialize In



FILING CABINETS
(Steel and Oak)
FILING SYSTEMS AND SUPPLIES

Before buying elsewhere, phone us or call at our show-room.

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone: Central 4778 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — Cable Add. Hecobasco

22 Nanking Road, Shanghai

Stewart **V-RAY SEARCHLIGHT**

A Real Searchlight for Every Car

It is designed with scientific accuracy to project an intense, piercing "searchlight" beam.

Distributors and service station for China of Stewart Products

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

THE BARGAIN STORE

104-105 SZECHUEN ROAD.

American merchandise just arrived, comprising the following articles:—

Tennis Shoes for Gentlemen and Children; Girls' Dresses and Boys' Suits, Hosiery, Underwear, Shirts, Neckwear, Socks, Garters, and a variety of other goods, which will be disposed of regardless of price.

104-105 SZECHUEN ROAD. (OPP. HOPKINS BUTCHERY)

24945

WIDLER & CO.
CHUNGKING, WEST CHINA.

Szechwan Grass Cloth
Width: 20 inch. Length: 29 ft.
White, Dark and Light blue.
Price Prepaid: $7.50 per roll.
Sent postage free to any address in the world.

"Just sufficient for your wants; Ideal for the summer months."
—Marco Polo.

Telegraphic and cable address: Widler-Chungking
Using Bentley's Complete Phrase Code.

WIDLER & COMPANY,
Chungking, West China.

Dr. med. F. T. Kiang
Physician and Surgeon

(Formerly Assistant at the Surgical University Clinic of Berlin)
Specialist in veneral diseases.
Office: 85 Szechuen Road.
Consultation Hours: 2-4 p.m.
Telephone: No. C. 3844.

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 14

APARTMENTS

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens.

To let, with board, a comfortable room with bath room attached, suitable for two persons. Also one small room.

Apply Mrs. G. POLLOCK.

TO LET

From July 18th, one large front room, with verandah and bathroom, facing the Park, very cool in summer: and also one small room. Apply to Mrs. Weinstock, 15 Quinsan Gardens, Tel. North 482.

TO let from September 1st, large comfortable newly furnished rooms equally appropriate for summer and winter. All modern comforts. For particulars apply to Box 259, THE CHINA PRESS.

FURNISHED attic room to let, in private family, near Quinsan Gardens. Facing south. Apply to Box 274, THE CHINA PRESS.

24978 A.21

TO LET, comfortable room with board in private family, Western district. Apply to Box 267, THE CHINA PRESS.

24955 A.22

MATRIMONY

MATRIMONY, young man (Portuguese), of 28 years, would like to meet young Japanese lady. Please enclose photo, which will be treated strictly confidentially. Apply to Box 243, THE CHINA PRESS.

24923 A.24

GODOWNS WANTED

WANTED to rent, godown in Central district. Apply to Box 283, THE CHINA PRESS.

24[illegible] A.21

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED, smart salesman or saleslady for a bookstore in Nanking Road. Apply to Box 287, THE CHINA PRESS.

25006.

WANTED, stenographer-typist, with knowledge of filing. Foreign or Eurasian; young lady preferred. Apply by letter to Grace China Co., 36 Kiangse Road.

25000 A.23

WANTED, stenographer for Tsingtao. Apply Wm. Katz & Co., 1a Jinkee Road.

24994 A.22

EDUCATIONAL

ENGLISH lessons given by English gentleman, experienced teacher, by modern methods. Free afternoons and evenings. Apply to Box 278, THE CHINA PRESS.

24990 A.22

WANTED, a capable Chinese speaker who is able to make speeches in Mandarin dialect to Chinese audiences. The wording for speech will be provided in Chinese. Knowledge of English not essential, though desirable. Apply to Box 280, THE CHINA PRESS.

24992 A.21

C. G. C. Motorcycle Service Depot
18 Peking Road

Repairs to Motorcycles undertaken, all work done under personal supervision of an expert foreign mechanic.

New and used Motorcycles for sale.

FOR THE CHILDREN
AMERICAN APPLE CIDER
PURE SWEET WHOLESOME
Agents
Connell Bros. Co.

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, from 1st September, seven-roomed house with or without furniture. Good location, Hongkew district. Apply to Box 286, THE CHINA PRESS.

25002 A.23

TO LET, 20 Yates Road, detached eight-roomed residence, tennis, garage, stabling. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24749

TO LET, 44 Sinza Road, excellent residence of four large and three small rooms. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24750

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED by American bachelor, comfortable room with bath, in western district or French-town; without board. Apply to Box 279, THE CHINA PRESS.

24991 A.21

FURNISHED flat (two or three rooms) wanted by bachelors. References if required. Apply to Box 269, THE CHINA PRESS.

24959

WANTED, residential flat of three rooms, with bathroom and kitchen attached. Reply, stating terms, to Box 282, THE CHINA PRESS.

24995

MISCELLANEOUS

ADVERTISER wishes to communicate with anyone who can introduce manufactory of ladies' human hairnets in China. Address Chen Hai-Cheng, Soochow.

24973

HOUSES WANTED

UNFURNISHED house wanted in French Concession or Western district at Tls. 50 to Tls. 80 per month. Apply to Box 288, THE CHINA PRESS.

25007 A.21

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES for rent, Central district. Ten rooms, elevator service. Apply to Box 260, THE CHINA PRESS.

24949

SITUATION WANTED

INTELLIGENT and hard-working Chinese youth, at present employed, desires change in any capacity. Knowledge of salesmanship, general office work and typewriting. Speaks several Chinese dialects. Travelling or outport no objection. Good references. Apply to Box 277, THE CHINA PRESS.

24982 A.21

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE: One 6-cylinder Scripps-Booth touring car, latest model, practically as good as new, has only been driven by owner who is leaving for home, a bargain. For particulars please apply to the Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd., Motor Garage Telephone: West 1213.

25004 A.23

WANTED, two-seater motor car, small car preferable. Reply, stating make and price, to Box 284, THE CHINA PRESS.

24997 A.23

FOR SALE, six-cylinder, five-passenger Buick car, 1918 model, engine in excellent condition. Apply to Box 276, THE CHINA PRESS.

24979 A.21

FOR SALE, Chase and Baker piano-player, with 150 rolls of music in good order. Trial invited. Any reasonable offer accepted. Apply to Box 261, THE CHINA PRESS.

24950 A. 22

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 13

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
38 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Hollo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taiping
Delhi	Medan	(F. M. S.
Haiphong	New York	Tavoy (Lower
Hankow	Peking	Burma)
Hongkong	Penang	Tientsin
	Yokohama	

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART.
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital ..... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve ..... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bangkok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoote	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtao, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

P. G. KONG,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/- $15,000,000
Silver 21,000,000
$36,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. Szass.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala-Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Hollo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kug. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chidese Government ..	2,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: Petrograd.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Sciete Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
Chefoo	Hongkong	Shanghai
Dairen	Manchouli	Tientsin
(Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZLERSKI,
G. CARRERE.
Managers for Asia.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 391,347.41

Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Central 2650
General Office: Central 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Y according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit grant on approved securities.

Savings Accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Mih, Sub-Manager.
C. C. Yang, Sub-Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-Up Capital £2,000,000
Reserves £431,890

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin,
Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale de Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4 % per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

中華銀行 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.

Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000
Reserve Fund .....$ 20,000

Acting Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha
Peking	Wusieh	Shasi
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nanking	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York
Hsuchow	Canton	San Francisco
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio
Antung	Chengchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	TsinkiangpuOsaka	
	Yokohama	

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S. 441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager,
W. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus ...U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits .U.S. $2,563,040.00

H. T. S. Green,
President & General Manager.
London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Far Eastern Branches
China: Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu.
India: Rangoon Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore.
Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.
West Indian and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon.
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris.
Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with *The National City Bank of New York* we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahai, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio, de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo Valparaiso, Vladivostock.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H, C. GULLAND, Manager.
1a, Kiukiang Road.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912.

Capital (fully paid)	H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund	H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	San Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
25 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager.
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: Yokohama Japan.

	Yen
Capital Fully paid-up..	48,000,000
Reserve Fund	25,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	Seattle
Bombay	London	Shanghai
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Manila	Singapore
Changchun	Mukden	Sourabaya
Dalny	Nagasaki	Sydney
Hankow	Newchwang	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tokio
Hongkong	Osaka	Tsinanfu
Honolulu	Peking	Tsingtau
Kaiyuen	Rangoon	Valdivostock
Kobe	S. Francisco	

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1918)

Authorised Capital ... $60,000,000.00
Pai... $15,000,000.00
Re...
Sp...

[redacted]

...according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 75,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e.. Frs. 25,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

Head Office
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana
Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and an Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. HEATH Manager
26 The Bund.

Resources: Pesos 248,000,000

Philippine National Bank

No. 1 The Bund, Shanghai

Telephone: Central 2741

Head Office: MANILA

BRANCHES:
37 Broadway, New York, and throughout the Philippines.

Correspondents at principal cities in the Orient, United States and Europe.

CHECKING AND SAVING ACCOUNTS: FIXED DEPOSIT
Exchange Bought and Sold
Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit
Travellers' Checks

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(Netherlands Trading Society.)

Established 1824.
Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 70,000,000 (about £5,833,333)
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 12,760,236 (about £1,063,353)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Medan	Singapore
Bandoeng	Padang	Soerabaya
Cheribon	Palembang	Soerakarta
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tebing-Tinggi
Djakjakarta	Penang	Tegal
Hongkong	Pontianak	Telok-Betong
Kota-Radja	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Langsa	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar		

London Bankers:
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

Launch Services

TOMORROW

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the O.S.K. s.s. Keelung Maru will leave the Canton Road Jetty at 9 a.m.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk will leave the Customs Jetty at 3:00 p.m.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 9 p.m.

Monday, August 25, 1919.

The tender Whangpoo conveying passengers and mails on board the M.M. s.s. Andre Lebon will leave the M.M. Jetty (French Bund) at 9 a.m.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the C.M. s.s. Nanking will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 p.m.

Tuesday, August 26, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sekaki Maru will leave the Custom Jetty at 11 a.m.

Passengers Departed

Per C.N. s.s. Woosung for Wuhu: Mr. H. Gifford; for Hankow: Mr. A. Guttorm.

Siccawei Weather Report

19.—Cloudy but rather fine weather with north to east breezes on our coasts. Higher pressures in the Central districts. Lower barometer reading on the coasts of Tongking and Kwangtung. The typhoon of the Pacific advances towards the east of Luzon.

20.—Gloomy weather. Barometer steady. Light ESE breezes.

Banking Service with AMERICA —direct and personal

EXPORTERS or importers now engaged in, or thinking of, trade with America would do well to consider not only the special nature of our facilities, but also the personal interest we take in every one of our customers' transactions.

First of all, we offer *direct* banking service—without intermediary dealings, or unnecessary delays.

Equally important is our *personal* service. Every transaction is followed through, both here and in America, by our own representatives with a personal interest, the value of which is evident in the service rendered.

May we talk with you about America?

Central Office in the Far East:
Shanghai
Corner Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads
Other branches in
Hankow—Hongkong—Peking—Tientsin

Asia Banking Corporation

New York
CAPITAL U.S. $2,000,000 SURPLUS U.S. $500,000

STOCKHOLDING BANKS
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market as compiled on August 19, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	,,	16-20
Pork	,,	25-30
Veal	,,	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	none
Cod	,,	20-24
Mandarin	,,	60-70
Mackerel	,,	30-35
Pomfret	,,	30-35
Salmon	,,	none
Samli	,,	none
Soles	,,	20-25
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	none
Duck	,,	50-80
Eggs	per doz.	18-24
Fowl	per lb.	20-22
Geese	each	80-$1.00
Pigeons	,,	16-18
Quail	,,	none
Snipe	,,	18-20
Teal	,,	none
Turkey	per lb.	45-50
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	,,	8-12
Bananas	,,	6-7
Figs	per doz.	5-10
Lemons	each	6-8
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per doz.	$1.00
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	,,	8-12
Persimmons	,,	8-10
Peeboes	,,	none
Plums	per lb.	10-12
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples	,,	none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	,,	none
Vegetables		
Artichokes	each	none
Asparagus	per doz.	20-30
Broad Beans	per lb.	5-6
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	5-10
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	none
Celery	per bunch	2-3
Egg Plant	per lb.	5-6
French Beans	,,	5-6
Green Corn	each	1-2
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	,,	3-4
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Peas	per lb.	none
Potatoes	per picul	$2.20-$2.40
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	6-2
Tomatoes	,,	4-5
Turnips	per bunch	none
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	per 50 lbs.	—
Flour, Australian	,,	$4.20
Flour, Shanghai	,,	$2.50
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$8.40
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	,,	17
Fodder		
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$2.60
Bran	,,	$2.25
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 19.00
Stove Coal	,,	Tls. 28.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Financial And Commercial News

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, August 20, 1919.
Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate
@ 5/10=Tls. 3.4286
@ exch. 73=Mex. $4.6967
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 125¼=Tls. 79.84
@ exch. 73=Mex. $109.37
Mex. Dollars Market Rate: 72.775
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 203
Copper Cash ....per tael 187.000
Native Interest ..... Tls. 13

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 59¾d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Ex., Paris on London ... Fr. 33.93
Ex., New York on London T.T. G.$4.26

Exchange Closing Quotations

London ..... T.T. 5/10
London ..... Demand 5/10¼
India ..... Nom. T.T. 318½
Paris ..... T.T. 875
Paris ..... Demand 878
New York ..... T.T. 125
New York ..... Demand 125¼
Hongkong ..... T.T. 65
Japan ..... T.T. 40
Batavia ..... T.T. 331
Singapore ..... T.T. 40⅝

Bank Buying Rates
Nominal

London ..... Demand 5/11
London .... 4 m/s. Cdts. 6/0½
London .... 4 m/s. Docy. 6/0¾
London .... 6 m/s. Cdts. 6/1
London .... 6 m/s. Docy. 6/1¼
Paris ..... 4 m/s. 947
New York .... o/d. Docy. 126½
New York ..... 4 m/s. 134¼

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 5,700 ..... =Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... =Mex. $2.25

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR AUGUST

Hk. Tls. 3.25 @ 5/6 ½ £1
,, 1 @ 828 nom. Fr. 9.22
,, 0.74 @ 121¼ Gold $1
,, 1 @ 41½ Yen. 2.63
,, 1 @ 15 Rupees 4.62
,, 1 @ — Roubles —
,, - @ 1.50 Mex. $1.50

Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, August 20, 1919.
TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official

Yangtszepoo Cotton (Ord.) Tls. 15.50 Sept.
Langkats Tls. 20.50 Sept. C. N. I.

Unofficial

Anglo-French Land 6% Debs. Tls. 80.00
S.M.C. 6% Debs. 1909 Tls. 82.00
S.M.C. 6% Debs. 1912 Tls. 78.00
S.M.C. 6% Debs. 1916 Tls. 77.00
S.M.C. 7% Debs. 1918 Tls. 92.00
Anglo-Javas Tls. 8.25

Sharebrokers' Association
Transactions

Shanghai, August 20, 1919.
BUSINESS DONE

Unofficial

Yangtszepoo Tls. 15.55 Sept.

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, August 20, 1919.
Japanese Bond: 5%
Tls. 35.40 Aug.
Local Yarn:
Water Moon 16's
Tls. 198.50 Sept.
Tls. 199.50 Oct.
16/20's Tls. 210.80 Oct.
Tls. 208.50 Nov.
Tls. 207.50 Dec.

Rubber Outputs

	June	July
Alma	30,000	34,000
Amherst	1,296	—
Anglo-Dutch	67,000	67,000
Anglo-Java	212,000	231,000
Ayer Tawah	26,286	31,615
Balu Anam	26,313	27,043
Bukit Toh-Alang	14,569	14,976
Bute	18,950	19,000
Chempedak	12,500	14,000
Chemor	22,584	23,013
Cheng	17,110	17,348
Consolidated	59,635	70,467
Dominion	42,309	42,319
Guia Kalumpong	129,000	138,000
Java Consolidated	73,000	69,000
Kamunting	22,244	25,715
Kapala	11,150	13,271
Kapayang	—	—
Karan	10,770	13,370
Kota Bahroe	33,968	36,406
Kroewoek	40 000	36,000
Langkat	64,482	81,108
Padang	26,500	27,000
Permata	6,005	6,975
Pengkalan	—	16,621
Repah	20,000	23,000
Samagaga	25,500	23,250
Semambu	15,482	14,969
See Kee	—	—
Senawang	31,233	22,809
Shanghai-Malay	—	—
Shanghai-Seremban	13,900	14,600
Shanghai-Kelantan	15,500	16,700
Shanghai-Pahang	19,018	19,187
Shanghai-Klebang	15,222	15,980
Shanghai-Sumatra	67,150	73,760
Sua Manggis	—	—
Sungala	9,307	12,703
Sungei Duri	26,156	30,474
Taiping	12,300	10,802
Tanah Merah	27,000	37,000
Tebong	—	83,000
Ulobri	4,847	4,924
Ziangbe	76,000	79,000

PARIS EXCHANGE
(French Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, August 19.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—Paris exchange:
War Loans:
3 percent 61.45
4 percent 1917 ..... 71.35
4 percent 1918 ..... 71.33
5 percent 87.75

LONDON METAL MARKET
(French Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, August 19.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—London metal market quotations:

Copper-Market very firm. Cash 101 3/4 against 98 1/8. Three months 102 3/4 against 99 1/8.

Electrolytic prices ruled very high, 107 and 118 against 110 and 118.

DRINK
RED ROC
The Perfect Water

BRITISH ISLES EXCITED BY ANTI-LIQUOR FIGHT

'Pussyfoot' Johnson Arouses Nation By Dry Crusade, But No Definite Action Expected Now

NOT INTERESTED IN U. S.

Kingdom Considers Prohibition In America Political Play; Workers Want Beer

London, July 14.—"Pussyfoot" Johnson has obtained more newspaper publicity in a week than a theatrical star does in a lifetime. The prohibition leader's face is wreathed in smiles as he thinks of the success attending the initial stages of his campaign to make Great Britain dry.

In fact all publicity, even of the most highly critical character, does not temper his pleasure in the least. He has succeeded in getting all Britain excited over prohibition, and that is more than some statesmen can do even over the Irish question, though it is difficult to regard the prohibition campaign and British alarm seriously at this stage.

Had the Johnson campaign opened in the days when the government offered substitute drinks of ginger pop, when Scotch and Irish whiskey was pale and impotent and when the price of bottled burgundy rivalled one's income tax many recruits would have been obtained out of mere desperation.

But today brewers are running shy by barrels, and whiskey now has the bite which Taft found lacking in the first draft of the covenant. Vin rouge is no longer limited to the purse profiteer.

Crusaders Grasp Chance

Fortunately Johnson is a missionary with oodles of courage, and England's population contains an amazing number of crusaders who are keen to tackle any desperate cause.

Lord Dabernon, chairman of liquor control, appointed during the war to regulate drinking, thinks Johnson's chances of success depend largely on the attitude of the liquor traders rather than from any fear of the British that American prohibition will put the kingdom to commercial disadvantage. Profiteering, he believes, is a stronger campaigner than Johnson.

The government has continued its policy of permitting the sale of liquor between 12 noon and 2:30 p.m. and 6 p.m. and 9:30 p.m., consequently the amount of drunkenness is comparatively small. Lord Dabernon recalls the prohibition campaign in Scotland which broke down because of so little drunkenness there. America's example leaves the general public cold.

For years there has been a considerable body of temperance advocates in Great Britain. Every town has had its temperance hotels. There are several national temperance societies. There are scores of temperance lecturers constantly on tour. Henderson, the labor leader, is a temperance advocate. Lief Jones, former member of Parliament, is one of the directors of a temperance society. Cadburys and Rowntrees, leading chocolate manufacturers, are large contributors to temperance campaign funds.

Poor Beer Caused Protests

Major Waldorf Astor, who is a member of the liquor control board, said in the middle of the war, when grain imports were extremely low, that the government feared the effects of a shortage of poor quality beer upon the munition workers almost as much as defeat on the battlefield. He emphasised the seriousness with which workers regarded beer as a food medicine and how it was next to impossible to convince them that the ingredients, used in other ways, would be more beneficial.

British labor would resist prohibition with the same determination they show in demanding increased wages.

Another factor enters. A new statesman puts it this way: "It is a grave step for the state to interfere with the normal life of man, to abolish customs which have the sanction of many great, wise and good men, unless every other means of achieving social happiness has been tried and found wanting. We are Socialists but not state worshippers.

Against Drastic Action

"We believe that for the state to limit a citizen's freedom is immoral tyranny and the wrong way to better civilisation. We are told, indeed, that America's most potent arguments for prohibition are not moral at all but economical and political. Employers want an increase of efficiency among workers and social reformers wish to get rid of liquor interests in politics (especially as so many publicans are Germans). It is good to make men efficient and it is good to cleanse politics. But we should have thought that it could have been done without narrowing the bounds of human freedom. We doubt if it is justifiable to do it at the price of human freedom."

953,581 Were Left In U.S. Army July 1

Washington, July 8.—Out of the nearly 4,000,000 men under arms at the time of the armistice, fewer than 1,000,000 were in the American Army July 1. The estimated strength of the army July 1 was 953,581, not including Marines attached to the American Expeditionary Force. Of this number, 419,508 were in Europe, 122,129 on the sea on route to or from Europe, and 372,497 in the United States.

A total of 358,315 men sailed from the American Expeditionary Force for the United States during June. This is a larger number than has sailed to or from Europe during any previous month, and breaks all records.

Incomplete reports indicate that considerably more than 400,000 officers and men were discharged from the army during June. The average monthly rate of discharge for the preceding months will be exceeded by more than 30,000.

KODAK Finishing
is a special thing with us. Try us and note the difference.
Burr 2 Broadway

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at

10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

HOUSEHOLD MEDICINES
AND
TOILET ARTICLES
OF
STANDARD QUALITY

AMERICAN DRUG CO.

PHARMACEUTICAL & MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS.

SHANGHAI

PHARMACY: 42, Nanking Road Telephone: Central 81
LABORATORY: 83, Ward Roa Telephone: East 168

Are you as well as you would like to be ?
If not, try
WATSON'S HIGH-CLASS AERATED WATERS

They are pure, wholesome and absolutely safe: they make you fit and keep you fit.

The perfect purity of our waters is ensured by a battery of Berkefeld filters of the latest design, and the influence of powerful ultra-violet rays. In fact our sterilisation is the last word in the sterilisation of water.

The ingredients used by us are of the best quality only, and are all of British manufacture.

Demand price list and try our waters.

WATSON'S MINERAL WATER CO.
16 Nanking Road, Shanghai
Telephones: Town office and depot, Central 2726
Factory, North 795

THE NATIONAL OPTICAL CO.
69 Nanking Road
(Near Honan Road)
REFRACTING & MANUFACTURING OPTICIANS

A large display of all kinds of
HAND-MADE LACE, EMBROIDERY
SILK, PONGEES, ETC.
Best quality at moderate prices.
THE CATHAY LACE COMPANY
19, Nanking Road

What is it that Brings You into a Store—"Price" or "Quality?"

"Price" without "Quality" is about as worthless as an airship without a motor

YOU GET REAL VALUE AND QUALITY COMBINED WITH LOW PRICES AT

WING ON'S

The Mammoth Store in the Far East

Seasonable Goods of every description for Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Wear. Everything for the Home. Large and Fresh Shipments of Provisions constantly arriving.

THE WING ON CO. (SHANGHAI), LTD.
NANKING AND CHEKIANG ROADS, SHANGHAI.

USE
PATTON'S SUN-PROOF PAINTS
"SAVE THE SURFACE AND YOU SAVE ALL"

Applied by our
Contracting Department

FEARON, DANIEL & CO., INC., SOLE AGENTS
1B Kiangse Road, Shanghai (and at Tientsin, Hankow, Peking, Harbin) Phone: Central 108

The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS
HOME OFFICE, Ford Building, Wilmington, Delaware, U. S. A.
Address all Communications to THE CHINA PRESS
Publication Office Canton and Kiangse Rd., S'hai
Editorial Offices.. Canton and Kiangse Rd., S'hai
New York Office.....World Building
Washington Bureau Metropolitan Bank Building
Tokio Bureau.....Japan Advertiser Building

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year...Mex.$20.00
DAILY AND SUNDAY four Months $8.80
SUNDAY, per Year 7.00
Mailed to Outports, .50 cents per month, or Mex. $6.00 per year extra.
Mailed to foreign countries the cost of postage will be added.
Street Sales—Daily 10 cents per copy: Sunday 20 cents per copy.
Entered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission with "special marks" privileges in China.
Entered as second-class mail matter at U. S. Postal Agency, Shanghai, China.
Entered as a newspaper at the Japanese P. O.
Telephone—1432 Business Office.
1433 Editorial Department.
Telegraph Address—NATPRESS SHANGHAI

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated, Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER

Threats of thunderstorms in the central districts. Rough weather on the eastern coast of Luzon.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, AUGUST 21, 1919

Dr. Reinsch Resigns

THE resignation of Dr. Reinsch as American Minister to China is a matter of immeasurable regret to all Americans in the Far East. It is an immeasurable loss to the Chinese.

Peking has occupied a unique position in American diplomacy. With London it stands as the exception to the rule of what may be called amiable mediocrity growing out of the theory that diplomatic positions are the reward for political support from rich men whose

[redacted]

divide its attention; its hands would have been tied if it could. And it left its diplomats in China to cope with the situation as best they could. And of all those diplomats the most defenseless was the American Minister. Without the support of vigorous action at home, without the support of an aroused public opinion, without even the support of sympathy or understanding of the interests at stake, he has had to meet a succession of crises weaponless. And now there is the culmination of a peace settlement, which must dishearten the stoutest-hearted.

Only those who have had at least inkling of the keenness of the diplomatic struggle in Peking since 1914 and the delicacy of the issues in that struggle, and sometimes their momentousness, realise how serious might have been the results had there not been in the American Legation a man with Dr. Reinsch's intellectual background, his sensitiveness to principles, his sympathy and his tact. By capacity, instinct and training he was wholly qualified to interpret American tradition and the idealism of American international policy during the war; no better man could have been chosen to understand the full implications of what may be called Wilsonism and to interpret that doctrine in this country. And in consequence it is platitude to say that no foreign official in China has won so completely the confidence of the Chinese of all stripes and castes of opinion. It may be said further that few foreign officials have so completely deserved it. China has had few better friends than Dr. Reinsch.

But he has not been a prophet without honor in his own country. His work has been appreciated by others than the Chinese. However much that work may have been taken for granted while he was still doing it, every American who lives in China and feels its currents and understands its problems realises its permanent worth. And those who have been closest to those currents and understood best what lay beneath those problems realise that most. Dr. Reinsch has served his country well; he has given its people in China further cause for pride. He goes with their esteem, their gratitude and their sincerest good wishes.

Tracing Anarchism's Beginnings

Speculations of anarchistic nature may be traced in many Oriental writings. Some there are, no doubt, who, like Tolstoy, will see anarchism in the bold, moral and intellectual insurgency of Jesus Christ and his immediate followers. But that reasoned polity which in modern usage is called anarchism made its first notable appearance in the metaphysical school of which Shelley was the great daring spirit and Godwin the ablest exponent.

The revolt of Godwin, 1756-1836, was an intellectual one. He desired such a condition of society as would expand the understanding, remove whatever impedes, and fill men with a generous con-

[redacted]

a People's Bank in Paris in 1849. Its aim was to insure work and prosperity to all producers by organising them as capitalists and consumers, too.—*London Common Sense.*

The Whole Thing

(*Manchester Guardian*)

There is a pleasant naivette in the surprise of an American correspondent over the lack of "dressness" among British delegates at the peace conference. He should have remembered the story of Thompson, master of Trinity, walking with a friend at Kissingen and receiving with approval the dignified but not condescending salute of a beautifully dressed personage. "Who is that?" asked the friend. "A Russian prince?" "Oh, no," said Thompson, "that's my courier." W. H. Smith once wrote of the appearance of Lord Hartington at Hamburg, "dressed like a seedy sailor." Ouida makes one of her aristocrats say: "You may have seen me in a shabby coat, but never in one badly cut," which was simply one of Ouida's limitations, for few British statesmen reflect much credit on their tailors; a profound disregard of tailors is one of the marks of our higher statesmanship.

As Lord Lytton was the worst dressed man in one generation in the Lords, so was the Duke of Norfolk in the other, and there is nothing at all unlikely in the story of Mr. Balfour appearing in the lobby in a flannel shirt, a frock coat, gray flannel trousers and brown tennis shoes. It was the garb which to his mind best suggested a compromise between tennis and the House of Commons; so he wore it—and would have been surprised had any one commented on it in his hearing. Under secretaries, on the other hand, are generally rather carefully dressed. Does not that sum up the whole thing?

The President And The American People

(*From The Springfield Republican*)

The President's unprecedented mission to the Peace Conference, involving his personal absence from the United States for a period of more than six months, may for a century or more stand as a unique incident in American history. He returns with many of his fellow-countrymen perhaps still doubting the wisdom of his course. Some of Mr. Wilson's old-time admirers violently assail him for his failure to "deliver the goods," according precisely to the samples originally shown; others now criticise him for having aroused hopes of a peace that could not be realised outside of a Utopia.

Nowhere is the charge seriously made that Mr. Wilson's idealism was insincere. The charge that he has failed to "deliver the goods" has a firmer foundation, for it is clear that the sum of his achievement at Paris does not include all that he set out to accomplish. Mr. Wilson himself should be the first to admit that he has failed in some of the essentials of a "just and lasting" peace, for it was the desperateness of the diplomatic situation after the armistice was signed that moved him to go abroad and make his fight in person for the principles with which he had identified his name.

What made the situation look desperate from the standpoint of the author of the 14 points was the demonstration at the November elections that, with a military victory gripped, the American people could not be depended upon for united support of his peace proposals. Before the elections the President's "points" were harshly attacked by Mr. Roosevelt, who asked certain senators to introduce and support a resolution repudiating them. The President's negotiations for the armistice were assailed as premature by Senator Lodge, although Marshal Foch has never thought they were premature. Misrepresented to the people as seeking to let Germany escape a crushing military defeat, the President appealed to the voters to demonstrate their support of him by electing an administration Congress.

It is impossible now to read that appeal without perceiving that the President told the people the exact truth as to the disastrous consequences to his influence abroad of the political defeat of his party at the polls, under the conditions then existing. If the President could have appealed to the people after the signing of the armistice instead of before that event, he might have persuaded them to keep Congress under the control of his party and thus have produced upon Europe the impression that was needed.

Mr. Wilson made his election appeal here in America on the 14 points primarily, and after the election the Republicans declared that he was no longer morally responsible for putting through his peace program. Certainly, those who still believe that the result of the American elections was fully justified by the conditions cannot consistently blame the President for not gaining a complete success at Paris. Our election result was the signal for that great imperialistic drive against the "Wilsonian peace" with which the President has had to contend ever since. Idealism no longer had the field to itself; as soon as the western front no longer blazed and flamed, idealism, which had won the war, was set upon and harried from all sides and in all countries, by the "dark forces" which had hypocritically applauded the President when he was rallying the western democracies as no one else had rallied them, to the sacrifices of the battlefield.

The President comes home after having fought gallantly the powerful combination which he knew he must encounter at the peace table. He has not betrayed us, who backed him and trusted him. Only those who are blinded by the passion resurgent in an overwhelming disappointment because no more was achieved will say that Mr. Wilson sold us out. In his own way, within his own limitations, fighting with his own methods, which no doubt were not always the best, he got what he could. Those who say that he should have had at his side men like Lodge, Root and Knox forget that they had ideals of peace different from those to which the President was pledged. The Republican urged him to take Mr. Taft to Paris; yet later events have indicated that Mr. Taft has rendered more effective service here at home.

The President's failures at Paris are easier to estimate, perhaps, than his successes. The network of compromise that runs through and about the peace settlements is easily discernible under the magnifying glass of the ideal standards emphasised in Mr. Wilson's war speeches. Yet, just as in America it is said that Wilson was outgeneraled and defeated by Clemenceau, so in France it is said with no little bitterness that Clemenceau was outwitted and checkmated by Wilson. In England, Lloyd George is accused of weakness and of being overmatched by the President. One English writer has scornfully stigmatised the "Wilsonised peace" forced upon the British nation.

The truth of the matter will clearly emerge as time passes. But Mr. Wilson, after having committed himself by his war policy and his public addresses to full participation in the vastly difficult and complicated work of reorganising Europe, could not in honor have abandoned the peace conference, and thrown Europe into still deeper chaos, because he could not dominate its decisions at all points. He was obliged to sit it out and do the best he could. His best, under these circumstances, he has brought home with him in the peace treaty and the covenant of the league of nations. The treaty and covenant have been signed by some 28 nations and in no country besides our own is there the least doubt of complete ratification.

In the League of Nations the President has brought home an instrument through which the worst errors of the Peace Conference can be corrected in a later and less passionate period. More than that, the League's possibilities as an agent of progress are limited only by the capacity of the nations themselves for utilising such an instrument. In its potentiality for good, the League as it is offered to the world today, in all its imperfection and crudity, will be a landmark in the history of civilisation. If the nations are equal to their opportunity they can take this thing and use it as an organ of the progressive adjustment of international relations such as they never have had in their hands before.

Whether the nations are capable of such a development no one can say. But the responsibility is now up to them; it is up to America; it is up to every one of us. The question is not altogether whether the President has failed or succeeded; it is now a question whether America will fail or succeed. Assuming that the Senate looks to the people for guidance, let their decision be left in no doubt. This nation must not turn back.

The Price Of Balkan Peace

Bulgaria is the land of undying hope. The Bulgar character, like most national characters, is a blend of admirable qualities with some that are less admirable; but nobody can fail to admire Bulgarian tenacity. The Bulgars are still telling the Conference that the only hope for permanent peace in the Balkans will be in the granting of everything that Bulgaria wants—a somewhat more moderate demand today than a year ago, but still extensive enough, if granted, to make the Bulgarians, the least numerous of Balkan peoples, the lords of the Balkan peninsula.

The Bulgars still expect, or say they expect, that the Conference will grant what they ask; they seem to be counting on the generosity of America, a generosity that would have to be exercised with other people's property to give them all that they fought for. The fact that much more territory was offered to them than was justly theirs to come in on the Allied side, and that they elected to join the Germans instead, does not seem of much account to Bulgaria's friends in this country.

Dr. Panaretoff, the Minister at Washington, lately assured us that only by deception of the people and ruthless brutality did King Ferdinand and Premier Radoslavoff overcome the opposition of other political leaders to the alliance with Germany. Dr. Panaretoff said nothing about this while Mr. Radoslavoff was Premier, while Dr. Panaretoff was working for him, while Germany was winning the war. In those days Bulgarians had gone forth as one man with a single heart in the just enterprise of redeeming their irredenta. Now it is the wicked Radoslavoff who deceived them. It is strange that Bulgarians did not realise the wickedness of Radoslavoff till their armies had been routed by Franchet d'Esperey; a year ago the opposition was attacking Radoslavoff, but because he had not got enough concessions in the Dobrudja and Thrace from his Allies. Even Malinoff, the "Ententophile" who succeeded him after the military disaster, said less than a year ago that alliance with Germany was an essential of Bulgarian policy.

An important light on this policy has lately been set forth in The Balkan Review of London, in an article by its editor, Mr. Crawford Price. Mr. Price is a reputable journalist, an authority on the Balkans, and there is reason to believe him when he says that he has obtained from a source of unquestionable authenticity a hitherto secret treaty concluded between Bulgaria and Austria-Hungary early in September, 1914. By this agreement, when the war was hardly a month old, Bulgaria bound herself not to enter into any alliance directed against Austria; and there was the further provision that "if Austria-Hungary, without any provocation on her part, is attacked by any State bordering on Bulgaria, the latter engages herself to bring her military forces into action against the State in question as soon as a demand to this effect shall be made"—a provision obviously aimed at Rumania, then still neutral.

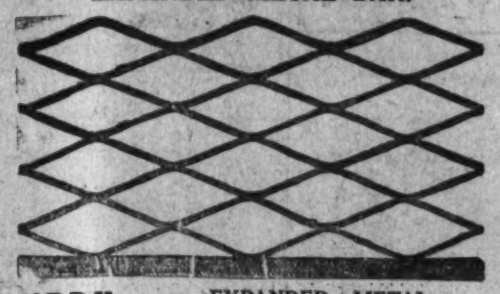
Austria seized Bosnia and Herzegovina at the same time that Ferdinand solemnly proclaimed his independence of Turkey. It has always been believed that an understanding existed between the two Powers at this time; Austria's act almost drove Servia into war, and it might have been then, as in 1915, a war on two fronts. When the Balkan League had shattered Turkey, Dr. Daneff, head of the Bulgarian delegation to the Peace Conference in London, stopped on the way for a conference with Austro-Hungarian officials. Presently Austria refused to permit Servian access to the sea, drove Servia back to Macedonia, to ask for a reconsideration of the other chapters of the understanding which had allotted extensive territories here to Bulgaria on the supposition that Servia would get her window on the Adriatic. Bulgaria temporised, talked arbitration, and then suddenly attacked the Greek and Servian armies, hoping to get what she wanted by a simpler process. During that war and the diplomatic exchanges preceding it Bulgarian policy seemed to most observers to be directed by Count Adam Tarnowski de Tarnow, the Austro-Hungarian Minister at Sofia. But Austria brought no military help to her friend Ferdinand; the conspiracy to grind Servia between the upper and nether millstones was nullified by the victories of Greek and Servian armies.

We all know the long negotiations of the Summer of 1915, when the Allies tried to win Bulgaria over by bribes of Greek and Servian territory. Opinion has divided as to whether Bulgaria had already chosen her side or was bought over at the last moment by a higher bid from Germany; almost all the evidence favors the first view, which is made certainty if we accept the treaty published by Mr. Price as authentic. Bulgaria picked the side which she thought would win; she carried on her part of the war with great ferocity and determination; and when her armies were finally beaten she turned to her American and English friends and said that she would be graciously pleased to call it a compromise provided she got Macedonia, the Dobrudja, and a sufficient Aegean coast line.

The Conference will shortly have to decide whether to buy peace in the Balkans by giving the Bulgars all they ask at the cost of shameless injustice to our smaller Allies—and nothing less than their whole program seems enough to satisfy the Bulgars—or by dictating a settlement based on justice and seeing that it is enforced. We had the same dilemma with Germany, and on the whole the Conference decided to see that justice was done. The precedent is a good one; not even in the Balkans can lasting peace be bought by surrender, even of other people's territory.—*New York Times.*

INENTEDD SQUARE BAR. INDENTED ROUND BAR.

EXPANDED METAL BAR.



"BB" EXPANDED METAL DIAMOND MESH LATHING

HALL'S SANITARY WASHABLE DISTEMPER | "FIBRENT" SLATES & SHEETS

LIMPET FITTINGS FOR CORRUGATED IRON | WINGET CONCRETE BLOCK MACHINES

Sole Agents William Jacks & Co., 1 Hongkong Road, Shanghai
Telephone, No. Central 2796. phic Telegra Address: "LIMPETS—SHANGHAI"

DIRECT FROM PARIS!

Ladies' Summer Dresses,
Evening Dresses,
Sunshades, Etc., Etc.

BOYES, BASSETT & CO.
35 Nanking Road.
LADIES' DEPARTMENT

THOS COOK & SON
Tourist, Steamship and Forwarding Agents, Bankers, etc.
Offical Passenger Agents to the Philippine Government
Railway and Steamship Tickets supplied at Tariff Rates.
Letters of Credit and Circular Notes Issued and Cashed.
Baggage collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.
Cook's "Far Eastern Traveller's Gazette," containing Sailings and Fares from the Far East to all parts of the World, will be forwarded free on application.
Tel. Address: "Coupon" THOS. COOK & SON
Telephone Nos. 2203 & 2204 Russo-Asiatic Bank Building, Shanghai
Also Hongkong, Peking, Yokohama, Manila
Chief Office: Ludgate Circus, London, E.C.

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

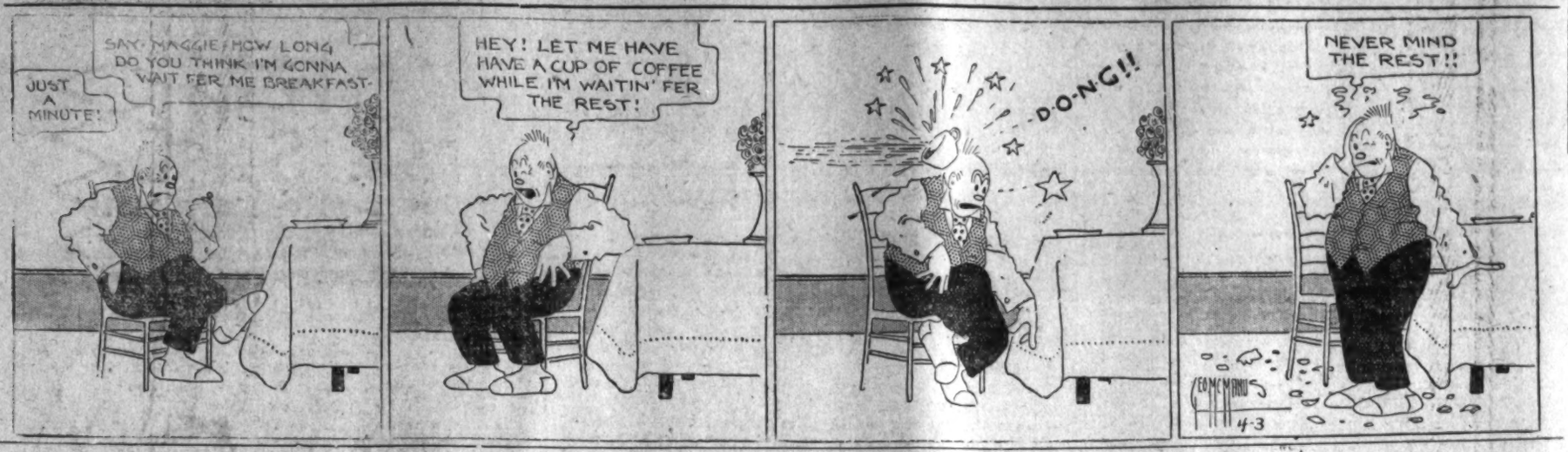
KAIPING Coke Coal

For all Industrial and Household Purposes

Offices: No. 1 Jinkee Road, Shanghai

The Luxury of a Geyser.
A Hot Bath
Always Ready! *No Waiting!*
Reliable, Efficient, and Economical.
Increasing in popularity every day.
On Hire
at $ 2.00 per month.
For particulars apply to: The Engineer
SHANGHAI GAS COMPANY, LIMITED
5, Thibet Road or Showroom 29, Nanking Road.

Bringing Up Father — By George McManus


SAY MAGGIE, HOW LONG DO YOU THINK I'M GONNA WAIT FER ME BREAKFAST-
JUST A MINUTE!
HEY! LET ME HAVE HAVE A CUP OF COFFEE WHILE I'M WAITIN' FER THE REST!
D-O-N-G!!
NEVER MIND THE REST!!
GEO MCMANUS
4-3

Mr. Riddell Takes A Holiday

What Came Of Exchanging His Work For That Of Another Man

Mr. J. E. G. de Montmorency tells the interesting story of "The Audacious Twins" in the solemn pages of the Contemporary Review. He tells how Mr. Riddell took a holiday, met another Riddell, and then each longed to do the work the other was doing. They did: hence this tale.

Mr. John Lawson Riddell, a business man, of mature years and substantial fortune, who during the war had taken reasonable advantage of his knowledge of the Corn Market and had paid with a striking sense of citizenship a tax of magnitude on the excess profits that his abilities and the fortune of war had thrust upon him, determined that at last the time had come for a holiday.

"Mr. Riddell loved many things: he loved business, but was no slave to it; he loved books, but kept them in their proper place—the library—where he consorted with them at fixed hours; and he loved the country. He was of country stock, and as he was the last of his stock in the male line, he liked to revisit his native county in the hope of finding descendants of an earlier generation by whose aid he could complete the pedigree which he, a bachelor, found infinite entertainment in compiling, and for which he felt no responsibility save in his own substantial person.

"So, after a long talk with Mr. Adolphus Smith, a confidential head clerk of unimpeachable honesty, and to whom Mr. Riddell was an object not only of worship but respect, he departed without leaving an address on a fortnight's tour. It was an amazing fortnight for Mr. Smith as well as for Mr. Riddell. Throughout that fortnight of blazing June things happened without ceasing. . . .

"He stepped out into the loveliest spot in his native county. He commended his bookcase, his suitcase, his mackintosh and umbrella to a youthful porter and bade him carry them to the Seven Stars, the reputable inn of the village, whither he himself departed along the glowing evening road with peace in his soul and a walking stick in his hand.

"Presently he came out of the enchanted hedges on to the long stretch of the village green, where lights were already showing though the daylight was still abroad. Across the green he saw the Seven Stars. He saw the boy from the station come out and depart, and he saw standing on the steps that led up to the main door a figure that seemed strangely, almost terrifyingly, familiar. It grew more and more knowable as he approached. That morning, before he left home, he had glanced at himself in a long mirror and had approved of his serviceable but well-worn country suit and gaiters. The figure that he saw on the steps of the inn was the figure that he had seen in the mirror that very morning. The figure, which had evidently just received the labelled luggage, was waiting for him with plain curiosity. And as Mr. Riddell came close he saw written on the lintel of the door above the head of the figure the words, 'John Riddell, licensed victualler.' The two men looked at each other. They might have been twins.

"'Welcome, Mr. Riddell,' said the innkeeper, 'come in and make yourself at home.' H spoke in a voice of quiet hospitable assurance that Mr. Riddell recognised as his own, the voice that he used on the Corn Market or in his home. The two men shook hands and each smiled at the other. 'I believe I have come home,' said the merchant. 'I know you have,' said John. 'We have kept the old fires burning for you, you who have become famous while we have remained——' 'Tut, tut,' said the merchant, 'we'll tell each other everything after supper.'

"Life is a struggle between heredity and environment, and results ultimately depend on the capacity of personality to harness environment to its purpose. In the case of these two Riddells different environments had not been able to subdue dominant personalities, and, strangely enough, each found, as they pored over the merchant's pedigree tables and talked of common ancestors and of one tremendous eighteenth-century woman who was the mother of the race, that each longed to do the work the other was doing.

"The innkeeper was also a successful farmer and longed to play a part in the central Corn Market. The merchant had a little farm of his own and longed to see what production on a larger scale really meant.

"In that long upper room where the family portraits hang these two men, who had never seen each other before, swore eternal friendship, as well they might, for the innkeeper's two daughters, veritable Riddells and charming withal, as they welcomed Cousin John (who insisted on being called Uncle John and kissed them before they retired for the night), hardly knew the merchant from their father. They were privy to the mad plot that was hatched that night. Uncle John was to become for a week the innkeeper, and the innkeeper was to depart next day, preceded by a telegram to Mr. Smith, to the purlieus of Mincing Lane. Deep into the night they talked, for each needed to know much of the other's affairs, and when the innkeeper departed for London in the morning no one in the inn marked the change that had come over the Seven Stars.

At The Bar

"The merchant of Mincing Lane had a busy morning after his twin had fled. The house would not open till half-past twelve, and he spent the forenoon in learning from his newly-acquired nieces the technique of the bar. It was a fearful moment when, in his shirt-sleeves and with his old briar in his mouth, he drew the first foaming tankard for Joe Bustard, the poacher, who brought his harmless meal to the inn. ''Ee be looking main pale, Jack Riddell, this morning,' said the quick-eyed breaker of the law. 'I be feeling pale,'' said the landlord, 'pale wi' anger.' The poacher said nothing, and was relieved by the crowd of farm laborers who came to have their beer with their midday meal. Mr. Riddell for the first time in his life felt flurried. The calls were continuous. His arms ached, the local references were baffling, the time-worn jests were obscure, the comments on his pallor were distressing. But all the while he was learning his men, with their neckbeards, their meditative eyes, their slow critical speech, their stolid philosophy of life.

"The sweat poured off the merchant's forehead, but he did his work like a man and kept the counter clean and serviceable and washed glasses in a large basin with incredible expedition. At one moment he felt that he must drop; but he kept on serving out plates of bread and cheese and foaming mugs. The nieces wanted to help, but he waved them away. Gradually the dinner hour passed, the slowest hour on record. But Joe Bustard stayed on till at last he was alone with the host once more.

"'''Ee be not yoursel', gov-nor, today, 'ee be like wold Mr. Riddell who hangs in the room above.' 'I be thinkin', Joe, about the peace celebrations I be goin' to have.' 'Be 'ee, Mr. Riddell? What be 'ee goin' to have?' 'I be goin' to give a party to the women and children. How long have I known you, Joe?' The poacher pricked his ears. 'School together, sir, an' you've allays been hard on I.' 'Rightly so,' said the merchant, 'but there's a chance for you now. You shall be my bailiff. Be there lands for sale marching wi' mine?' 'There be, master, a thousand-acre farm deserted like, beggin' for buyers and covered wi' green thistles and bog-water—a fool's bargain. You know better nor I.' 'I bought it this morning. Can you get me by Monday five hundred hands on the land—drainers, ditchers, hedgers, ploughmen—with their tools? If you can, you are my bailiff.' The poacher rose. 'We be far-away cousins, Jack Riddell. I be your man. This do make amends.'

"The news spread like wildfire. The country town ten miles off yielded up the men who had left the land in despair. In twenty-four hours there were fifty men at work, by the Monday the full tale, and John Riddell poured out his money on labor and machinery. The village was thronged, but John Riddell secured huts in no time, and took back half his wages in rent, bread and cheese and beer. He reckoned on a heavy outlay but sure returns. Yet he meant to make the village as well as John Riddell.

"If John Riddell revolutionised Great Whimley in a week the other John Riddell was himself revolutionised in less time. Mr. Smith was not altogether surprised at his master's return, but was astonished at the effects of the sun on his usually pale face. Mr. Riddell was unnaturally quiet, and refrained from interference with business, scarcely commenting on substantial orders. He only carried out one personal deal. On the Saturday morning he rang his bell and Mr. Smith was instantly at his side with fingers just tipped above his watch chain. 'I happen to know, Mr. Smith, that it is possible to purchase the future corn harvests on the following farms and estates in my home county. I know these crops well. I wish to buy these futures. Can you arrange it? My price is——" and the farmer named what seemed a high price.

The Corn King

"The vast transaction was carried out, and as soon as it was known created fierce excitement. John Riddell had boldly carried prices to an unprecedented point: would the market repudiate him or follow. His reputation for extraordinary caution settled the question; a boom in prices and his profits were assured. Sir James Longbottom, the Corn King, called on him merely to congratulate him on the crowning stroke of a great career. 'I never realised that you could do anything so great.' 'The best corn in Europe, Sir James, and we are nearer the centers of starvation than America by seven days.' 'Well, well,' said the great man, 'you did what I was afraid to do.'

"Mr. Riddell had become in four days much paler, and a letter he received on the same day made the pallor permanent. The Crown, recognising his abundant charities, his war service, his great position in trade, offered him a baronetcy. The bearer of the letter needed an answer forthwith. He decided to accept. He had made enough that day to support the title. He began to doubt whether he would go back at all to Great Whimley. In any event he took the chair that night at the annual dinner of the Society for the Support of Decayed Farmers, and made the one speech of his brief public career. He said, 'The decayed farmer, like the decayed clergyman, is always with us. The war has made many farmers, and therefore many clergymen, rich. Let the rich give to those who are decayed beyond the rebound of prosperity. I propose to head the list with £10,000.' As he spoke his face glowed with genial benevolence. Next day he returned to the Seven Stars."

YOUROVETA — OUR COMMERCE EMBRACES THE GLOBE

CYCLONE HIGH SPEED HOISTS

½ TON CAPACITY
1 TON CAPACITY
1½ TONS CAPACITY
2 TONS CAPACITY
3 TONS CAPACITY
5 TONS CAPACITY
CARRIED IN STOCK

YOUROVETA
HOME & FOREIGN TRADE Co., Inc.
31 Szechuen Road
SHANGHAI

DRINK RED ROC
The Perfect Water

DECORATIONS

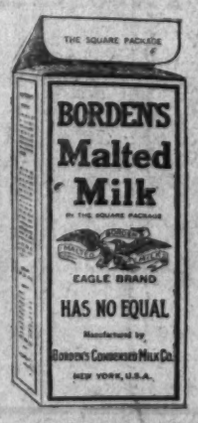
FOR EVERY ROOM EXECUTED FROM OUR VARIED STOCK OF WELL-CHOSEN PLAIN PAPERS, CANVAS EFFECTS AND TAPESTRY DESIGNS TO HARMONISE WITH ANY SCHEME ∴ ∴ OF FURNISHING ∴ ∴

THE TREATMENT OF EACH COLOR SCHEME IS CONCEIVED BY EXPERTS AND EXECUTED BY TRAINED ∴ CRAFTSMEN ∴

ARTS & CRAFTS, LTD.
DECORATING SPECIALISTS

NO MORE RESTLESS, SLEEPLESS NIGHTS

that take away the joy of living. Your body demands sleep in which to build up and replenish the tissues worn away by the usual day's work. Does yours get it—or do you roll and toss through a nerve-racking restless night? If you suffer, try a cup of



BOREDN'S MALTED MILK
(in the square package),

taken hot just before retiring. Consisting of rich creamy milk, extracts of wheat and barley malt (in powder and non-alcoholic), t will soothe tired nerves and induce sound, refreshing sleep, without reaction.

Connell Bros. Company,
AGENTS

PURE SWEET WHOLESOME APPLE CIDER
At all clubs, hotels and stores.
Connell Bros. Co.,
Agents

SPENCER B. STEVENSON
Certified Public Accountant
(NEW YORK)
6 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai

CLEAN WHILE DYEING
Dye Silk, Cotton, Wool, Linen same shade and depth of color in same dye bath
RE-DYE FADED GARMENTS EQUAL TO NEW
Especially prepared in cake form for home use.
For sale at the better shops.
AMERICAN TRADING CO.
Shanghai
Wholesale Agents for China.

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies
A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Those ladies who keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, at the first sign of any irregularity of the system a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free 5/- from MARTIN, Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON ENG.

Dr. John Goddard
Optician
Refracting and Manufacturing
Toric Lenses
Invisible Bifocals
Sun Glasses in Various Shades
W. T. Findley M. D.
36, Nanking Road

PHONE WEST 189
FORD HIRE SERVICE
ORIENTAL MOTOR COMPANY, 77 ROUTE VALLON

WILKINSON'S
PAINTS & VARNISHES FOR ALL ENGINEERING REQUIREMENTS
FOR OVER 30 YEARS WE HAVE HAD RESIDENT REPRESENTATIVES IN THE FAR EAST AND HAVE MADE A COMPLETE STUDY OF PAINT AND VARNISH PROBLEMS IN TROPICAL COUNTRIES. THIS EXPERIENCE IS AT YOUR SERVICE BY COMMUNICATING WITH OUR LOCAL BRANCH
SHANGHAI. HONG KONG. BOMBAY.
2A Kiukiang Road. Alexandra Buildings. Oriental Buildings
STOCKS HELD AT ALL BRANCHES
AGENTS AND DISTRIBUTORS IN EVERY PORT
FACTORIES

WILKINSON, HEYWOOD & CLARK, LTD.
GREAT BRITAINS LARGEST PAINT & VARNISH MAKERS. FOUNDED 1770
Caledonian Works. POPLAR. LONDON. E.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ngankin**, Captain Wavell, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, August 21**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Kianghsin**, Captain J. R. Milligan, will leave on **Thursday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M. S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S.N. Co.'s S.S. **Hwah Lee**, (Chartered 1,151 Tons, Captain Lee, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunts Wharf on **Thursday, August 21**, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Tel. C. 250 Freight, Tel. C. 240 Passage.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tachang Maru**, Captain Y. Taniguchi, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Thursday, August 21**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Loongwo**, 3,925 Tons, Captain Findeison, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, August 22**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Tel. C. 250 Freight, Tel. C. 240 Passage.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tafoo Maru**, Captain M. Takeo, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Friday, August 22**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage, apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kiukiang**, Captain J. Peacock, will leave on **Friday, August 22**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave on **Saturday, August 22**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Talee Maru**, Captain G. Kawamwa, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Monday, August 25**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Luenho**, 2,868 Tons, Captain Jackson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Monday, August 25**, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Tel. C. 250 Freight, Tel. C. 240 Passage.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Suiwo**, 2,671 Tons, Captain Smith, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Tuesday, August 26**, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Tel. C. 250 Freight, Tel. C. 240 Passage.

For Southern Ports

FOOCHOW.—The Str. **Hsinchi**, Captain E. Hansen, will leave on **Thursday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on **Thursday** afternoon at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

AMOY & SWATOW.—The Str. **Irene**, Captain C. Shepperd, will leave on **Friday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M. S.N. Co.**

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Canada Maru**, Captain H. Y'amoto, will be despatched from the C.M.S.N. Co.'s Central Wharf on **Aug. 22**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Taishun**, Captain C. Westerland, will leave on **Friday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Steamer **Keelung Maru**, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Aug. 22**, at 10 a.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at 9 a.m. ——— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain A. Scott R. N. R., will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, August 22**, at 5:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOY & SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ningpo**, Captain W. J. Freer, will leave on **Saturday, August 23**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Suiyang**, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Sunday, Aug. 24**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shansi**, Captain J. E. Evans, will leave on **Thursday, August 21**, at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Fengtien**, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, August 21**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHEFOO & NEWCHWANG.—The Str. **Toonan**, Captain C. Taylor, will leaev on **Friday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M. S.N. Co.**

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Str. **Tungwah**, Captain F. P. Newberg, will leave on **Friday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

TIENTSIN & DAIREN.—The Steamer **Kohoku Maru**, Captain M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **August 23**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— For Feright and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungchow**, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, August 23**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration, will despatch the following Steamer **Kwangping**, on **August 24**, for Freight or passage, apply to Agent, No. 1 Jineke Road, Tel. 319 Central 1115.

TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chusan**, Captain Davies, will leave on **Wednesday, August 27**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

For Foreign Ports

LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID MARSEILLES & ANTWERP.—The Steamer **Altai Maru**, Captain T. Fuchigami, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **August 26**. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Africa Maru**, Captain H. Yamanoto, will be despatched on **Thursday, August 28**. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The team-alunch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ——— For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID & ROTTERDAM.—The Steamer **Alaska Maru**, Captain ——— will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **September 17**. For Freight please apply ta **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

GENOA & MARSEILLES.—The Steamer **Java Maru**, Captain J. Furimura, will be despatched from Shanghai on **September 28**. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg.
Today.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Fengtien	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Chefoo	Tientsin	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Japan & America, via N'saki	do	..	..	..	..	15.00	14.30
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Fengtien	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Chefoo	Tientsin	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Amoy and Swatow	Irene	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Hongkong and Canton	Taishun	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Tientsin	Shansi	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
V'stock and Siberia via Pukow and Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train	..	..	..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Kiangteen	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tomorrow.							
Nagasaki and Vladivostok	Simbirsk	..	14.00	..	..	..	13.00
Manila direct	E. of Russia	16.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe	Africa Maru	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Chefoo	Yusang	22.00	17.00	..	..	..	22.00
Japan Ports	Kumano M.	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
Japan & America, via Moji	do	[illegible]	..	..	..	a20.00	19.30
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Amoy and Swatow	Ningpo	22.00	17.00	..	..	..	22.00
Japan Ports	Simbirsk	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
S'ria, via N'saki & V'vostock	do	..	..	..	b14.30	..	14.15
Saturday, August 23							
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Koonshing	..	11.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	do	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Tungchow	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	do	..	c9.00	..	..	..	..
Amoy and Hongkong	Suiyang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Foochow	Keelung M.	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Sunday, August 24							
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Hangsang	10.00	..	..	..	..	9.30
Swatow and Hongkong	do	..	10.00	..	..	..	..
Monday, August 25.							
France, etc.	*Andre Lebon						
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits, Ceylon, India and Europe, via Suez	Andre Lebon	..	a8.00	..	..	..	..
H'kong, S. Ports, A'tralia, Straits, Ceylon, India and Europe	Andre Lebon	c8.00	..	..	..	..	..
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, H'lulu, U.S.A. and Europe	Nanking	..	c14.00	..	..	..	..

*Ordinary mails will close at the French Post Office at 8 a.m. Registered articles at 5 p.m. on previous day and parcel posts at 5 p.m. on Friday, August 22.

† Parcels only.
A Registered articles at 5 p.m. on Saturday, August 23.
B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders 4 p.m.
C Money orders and parcel post until 1 p.m.
D Money orders and parcel post until 11 a.m.
E Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.
a.—at 11 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train
b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train
Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 46 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Woosung, Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Wuchang and Chungking.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight (except Chungking which sails from Pootung at midnight). These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.
The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.
Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund.
Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.
Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For NINGPO—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.
Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.
The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Agents, 21-33 French Bund.
Freight: Telephone Central 77,
Passage: Telephone Central 401.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S.CO
AMERICAN STEAMERS
TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE
"ECUADOR" VENEZUELA" "COLOMBIA"
AMERICAN REGISTRY
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (Subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu		For Hongkong via Manila	
*S.S. West Conab	Aug. 29	*S.S. West Vaca	Aug. —
*S.S. West Vaca	Sept. 12	S.S. Venezuela	Aug. 23
S.S. Venezuela	Sept. 13	*S.S. West Sequana	Sept. —
		S.S. Ecuador	Sept. 20

*Cargo only
Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

EAST INDIA SERVICE
"COLUSA" "SANTA CRUZ"
AMERICAN REGISTRY
SAILINGS FROM MANILA (Subject to Change)

For Saigon, Singapore, Calcutta and Colombo	For San Francisco via Honolulu
S.S. Colusa	S.S. Santa Cruz

PANAMA SERVICE
Regular Sailings from San Francisco
MEXICO—CENTRAL AMERICA—PANAMA
Safety and comfort of passengers our first consideration. For information of freight or passage apply to
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 6056 Cable Address "Solano"

STRUTHERS AND DIXON, INC.
HEAD OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO, U.S.A.
Branch Offices, Seattle, U.S.A.; Shanghai, China; Manila, P.I.; Kobe, Japan and Agencies throughout the world.
Operating the following Far Eastern services for account of the United States Shipping Board:
U.S.A. PACIFIC COAST—JAPAN, CHINA, AND PHILIPPINES.
All 8,800 tons D.W.

S.S. WEST HENSHAW due Shanghai, Sept. 5.	S.S. WEST IRIS due Shanghai Sept. 15.
S.S. "WEST CACTUS" due Shanghai Sept. 15.	S.S. ELKRIDGE due Shanghai, Oct. 5.

also
S.S. "WEST CAJOOT" "WEST HELIX" "WESTERN GLEN"
S.S. "WEST IBIS," "WEST CADDO," and "DUEL"
arrivals to be announced later.
Above steamers will call at Shanghai, homeward bound, when sufficient inducement offers.
Through rates quoted and through B/L's issued to all overland points in U.S. and Canada.
SHANGHAI OFFICE: No. 7 JINKEE ROAD.
Tel. No. Central 2557.
L. EVERETT, Vice-President J. S. EMENS, Agent.

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating
WTW			Snipe	Br. gun-boat
O D W			Nightingale	Br. gun-boat
S N B	June 19		Kinsha	Br. gun-boat
O D W	July 15		Woodlark	Br. gun-boat
P. & O. P. I			Novaki	Jap. destroyer
7 P.	July 26		Monocacy	Am. gun-boat
TKDD	Aug. 12		Samar	Am. gun-boat
2 C.	Aug. 18		Wilmington	Am. gun-boat
	Aug. 20		Shirayaki	Jap. destroyer

O. S. K.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

FOR LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Marseilles and Antwerp).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
*ALTAI MARU	18,000	D. Fuchigami,	Aug. 23	Aug. 26

FOR LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid and Rotterdam.

	Tons		
*ALASKA MARU	18,000		Sept. 14 Sept. 17

FOR GENOA and MARSEILLES.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
JAVA MARU	15,000	J. Furimura,	Sept. 23	Sept. 28

[redacted]

O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside
Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209 Union Building, 4 The Bund
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai. Tel. Nos. Central 4234 and 4235.

T. K. K.
SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE
TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)
Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.
FOR SAN FRANCISCO

TENYO MARU	Oct. 8. 1919
SHINYO MARU	Oct. 31

FOR HONGKONG

TENYO MARU	Sept. 22, 1919

All steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.
Lay-Over privileges allowed to all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, and CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LD.
Railway transportation betweenNagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.
T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager,
North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings,
Telephone No. 3229. Entrance 71 Szechuen Road.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.
THE AMERICAN STEAMERS
"NANKING" AND "CHINA"
(15,000 TONS) (10,000 TONS)
WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

*S.S. "NANKING"	AUGUST 25nd
S.S. "CHINA"	SEP. 14th
S.S. "NILE"	OCT. 4th

*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI
FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S. "CHINA"	AUGUST 31st
S.S. "NANKING"	OCTOBER 21st

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to
CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
PHONE CENTRAL 4773

JAMES MAGILL & Co.
Cargo delivered at any Address in Shanghai.
Furniture and Curios Packed for Shipment by Expert Packers
SHIPPING AND FORWARDING AGENTS.
Telephone 1848 83, Szechuen Road

SHIPPING

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Portsaid, Marseilles and England:

	Tons		
KAMO MARU	16,000	Capt. M. Makamara,	Sept. 1
IYO MARU	12,599	Capt. K. Koakawa,	Sept. 15

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

FUSHIMI MARU	22,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	Sept. 24
KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. E. Tozawa,	Oct. 23

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	Aug. 26
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Yoshida,	Aug. 30
KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. Y. Takahashi,	Sept. 5

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

KUMANO MARU	2,500	Capt. T. Sasaki,	Aug. 23
TAKESHIMA MARU	4,500	Capt. R. Arakida,	Aug. 27
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. H. Nojiri,	Aug. 30
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. H. Yamamoto,	Sept. 3

FOR JAPAN

SHIDZUOKA MARU	12,500	Capt. R. Ozaki,	Sept. 8

FOR HONGKONG

KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. E. Tozawa,	Sept. 29

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	Sept. 8

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

TANGO MARU	14,000	Capt. M. Nishimura,	Sept. 24
NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. G. Yamazaki,	Oct. 22
AKI MARU	12,500	Capt. S. Shibata,	Nov. 19

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNEMENT RAILWAYS
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

March 15th, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 3.		Miles	Peking-Mukden Line			Mail 4.		
20.35	8.35		0	dep.	Peking	arr.	19.50		
23.45	11.12		. .	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	17.00		
23.50	11.17		84	dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.53		
24.00	11.25		. .	arr.	Tientsin-East	dep.	16.45		
19.35	. .		524	arr.	Mukden	dep.	. .		

Local 5.	Mail 3.	Exp. 1.		Tientsin-Pukow Line			Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
6.45	9.45	11.30	0	dep.	Tientsin-East	arr.	17.05	15.45	20.15
6.55	9.55	11.40	2.71	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	16.55	15.35	20.05
7.25	10.15	11.55		dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.31	15.20	19.45
13.02	16.00	15.30	78	dep.	Tsangchow	dep.	13.05	11.28	15.28
16.40	19.20	18.08	148	dep.	Techow	dep.	10.33	8.47	11.56
19.57	22.12	20.21	—	arr.	Tsinanfu	dep.	8.06	6.00	8.30
7.	‡		220		‡				8.
6.00	22.25	20.31	—	dep.	Tsinanfu	arr.	7.56	5.40	19.02
9.27	1.00	22.31	266	dep.	Tsinanfu	dep.	6.01	3.25	16.24
12.27	3.47	0.38		arr.	Yanchowfu	dep.	3.49	0.40	13.00
12.47	4.02	0.48	318	dep.	Yanchowfu	arr.	3.39	0.02	12.38
16.30	6.55	3.16	377	dep.	Liacheng	dep.	1.20	21.24	9.26
19.02	8.45	4.50	—	arr.	Ihanchowfu	dep.	23.36	19.20	6.30
9.	‡		420		‡				10.
5.40	9.00	4.57	—	dep.	Ihanchowfu	arr.	23.29	19.00	20.50
11.26	18.02	8.33		arr.	Pengpu	dep.	19.53	14.55	15.20
11.51	13.20	8.40	523	dep.	Pengpu	arr.	19.46	14.35	14.09
18.27	17.34	11.52	600	dep.	Chuchow	dep.	16.48	10.50	8.27
20.08	18.55	13.00	631	arr.	Pukow	dep.	15.30	9.20	6.40

N. Exp.	Exp.			Shanghai-Nanking Line			Exp.	N. Exp.
23.00	14.20	0		dep.	Nanking-Ferry	arr.	14.15	6.50
7.00	21.00	193		arr.	Shanghai-North	dep.	7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line					Liucheng-Tsochuang Branch Line						
13.10	4.10	d. Yenchowfu a.	12.08	23.53	21.30	16.40	9.30	d. Liucheng a.	6.28	15.50	21.00
14.03	5.05	a. Tsiningchow d.	11.15	23.00	22.40	17.50	10.40	a. Tsochuang d.	5.15	14.40	19.50

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. L. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, March, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press
should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

Business and Official Notices

(Continued from Page 7)

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2642

Choleraic Diarrhoea

The attention of the Public is particularly directed to the following Notice issued by the Health Department:—

CHOLERAIC DIARRHOEA

Caused by Food Infected by the Excretions of a Previous Case

HOW TO PREVENT

EAT AND DRINK

Nothing that has not been recently cooked, boiled or otherwise sterilised.

DO NOT CONSUME

1. Fruit, vegetables, salads, melons, etc., which have not been cooked or otherwise sterilised.
2. Food on which flies have settled.
3. Milk or cream which has not been boiled or sterilised.
4. Ice-cream unless made from boiled materials.
5. Water which has not been boiled or filtered through a germ-proof filter, the candle of which should be boiled once a week regularly.
6. Aerated waters or other drinks unless of the best quality.

FRUITS, TOMATOES, ETC., CAN BE STERILISED

so that they can be safely eaten raw, and without spoiling the flavour, by dipping for a few seconds in briskly boiling water.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, August 7, 1919.

74846

Municipal Notification

No. 2602.

7% LOAN 1919

Price of Issue until further notice 95 per cent.

Under the authority of Resolution V passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 9, 1919, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1919.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 95 per cent until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1929.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer, Finance Department, 24a Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, April 12, 1919.

24914

CODE BOOKS
Just Arrived

A.B.C. Code 5th (improved) $25.00
Bently's Code $25.00
Western Union Code $30.00

CHOW TZU KONG, Bookseller
111 Szechuen Road.
24638

Prof. J. K. Seto
Turkish Bath and Massage Establishment
25 N. Szechuen Road, Shanghai.
Tel. North 2768

Dr. E. G. Lobzowsky
DENTIST
Four Years' Practice in New York.
Plate, Crown, Bridgework, Gold and Porcelain Inlay.
No. 3 G. Peking Road

HONMA HOSPITAL
No. 8a Miller Road. Tel. N. 2961
Dr. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
X-Ray and Diathermy
Examination with Uretroscope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

TAKE ADVANTAGE
OF THE
HIGH EXCHANGE
Carry a Gold Dollar Account
WITH
AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY
No. 8 Kiukiang Road

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag Agents
Aug. 25	—	San Francisco	Nanking	Am. C.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 27	—	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br. R. D. & Co.
Aug. 28	—	Seattle	Western Knight	Am. R. D. Co.
Aug. 28	—	Tacoma, etc.	Africa Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Aug. 29	—	San Francisco	West Conab	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Sep. 1	—	New York via Suez	Teenkai	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 30	—	Seattle	Eldridge	Am. R. D. Co.
Sep. 6	—	San Francisco	Tancred	Am. R. D. Co.
Sep. 6	—	Vancouver	E. of Russia	Br. C.P.O.S.
Sep. 7	—	New York via Panama	Sagaporack	Br. D. & Co.
Sep. 11	—	Vancouver	Methven	Br. C.P.O.S.
Sep. 12	—	San Francisco	West Vaca	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Sep. 13	—	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Sept. 14	—	San Francisco	China	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Sep. 17	—	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br. R. D. & Co.
Sep. 24	—	Seattle, etc.	Fushimi Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Oct. 4	—	San Francisco	Nile	Am. C.M.S.S. Co.
Oct. 4	—	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br. C.P.O.S.
Oct. 6	—	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap. T. K. K.
Oct. 15	—	New York via Suez	Eurymedon	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 24	—	Seattle, etc.	Katori Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Oct. 30	—	Vancouver	Bessie Dollar	Br. R. D. & Co.
Oct. 31	—	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap. T.K.K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Aug. 23	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kumano Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Aug. 26	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yamashiro Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Aug. 27	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Takesnima Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Aug. 30	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Aug. 30	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Sep. 3	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Sep. 3	—	Kobe & Yokohama	Porthos	Fr. M. M. Cie.
Sep. 8	—	Kobe	Shidzuoka Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE IND IA, STRAITS, ETC.

—	—	London	Kentucky	Am. J.M. & Co.
Aug. 21	—	London, etc.	Agapenor	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 25	—	Marseilles	Andre Lebon	Fr. M.M. Cie
Aug. 27	—	London	Altai Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Aug. 28	—	London, etc.	Pyrrhus	Br. B. & S.
Sep. 1	—	London	Ajax	Br. B. & S.
Sep. 1	—	London	Kano Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Sep. 2	—	London	Nagoya	Br. P.&O.S.N. Co.
Sep. 3	—	Bombay	Dunera	Br. P.&O.S.N. Co.
Sep. 4	—	Liverpool	Orestes	Br. B. & S.
Sep. 7	—	Liverpool	Antilochus	Br. B. & S.
Sep. 11	—	London, etc.	Elpenor	Br. B. & S.
Sep. 12	—	Liverpool	Crestes	Br. B. & S.
Sep. 15	—	London	Iyo Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Sep. 17	—	London	Alaska Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Sep. 19	—	Marseilles	Porthos	Fr. M.M. Cie
Sep. 25	—	London, etc.	Laomedon	Br. B. & S.
Sep. 28	—	Genoa & Marseilles	Java Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
Oct. 2	—	London, etc.	Titan	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 23	—	London	Khiva	Br. P.&O.S.N. Co.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Aug. 21	4.00	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 21	—	Hongkong	Canada Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Aug. 21	—	Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 22	5.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 22	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi. N.S.S.N. Co.
Aug. 22	—	Hongkong & Canton	Taishun	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 22	—	Amoy & Swatow	Irene	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 22	10.00*	F'chow, K'lung, Takao	Keelung M.	Jap. O.S.K.
Aug. 22	—	Manila & Hongkong	E. of Russia	Br. C.P.O.S.
Aug. 23	—	Manila & Hongkong	Venezuela	Am. P.M.S.S. Co
Aug. 23	D.L.	Amoy & Swatow	Ningpo	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 24	11.00*	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Hangsang	Br. J.M. & Co.
Aug. 24	D.L.	Amoy, H'kong, C'ton	Suiyang	Br. B. & S.
Aug. —	—	Manila & Hongkong	West Vaca	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Aug. 21	4.00	Tientsin	Shansi	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 21	10.00	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Fengtien	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 22	—	Tientsin	Tungwah	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 22	D.L.	Chefoo & Chinwangtao	Tientsin	Br. J. M. & Co.
Aug. 22	—	Vladivostok	Simbirsk	Rus. R.V.F.
Aug. 22	—	Chefoo & Newchwang	Toonan	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 23	noon	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Koonshing	Br. J. M. & Co.
Aug. 23	10.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Tungchow	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 23	8.30*	Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap. S.M.R.
Aug. 23	D.L.	C'foo, N'chwang, T'tsin	Yusang	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 23	—	T'tau, T'tsin, Dairen	Kohoku M.	Jap. O. S. K.
Aug. 26	noon	Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap. S.M.R.
Aug. 27	D.L.	Tientsin	Chusan	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 29	D.L.	Tientsin	Chekiang	Br. B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Aug. 21	D.L.	Wuhu	Paoting	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 21	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 21	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hwahlee	Chi. J.M. & Co.
Aug. 21	D.L.	Wuhu	Hanyang	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 21	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 21	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tachang Maru	Jap. N. K. K.
Aug. 22	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
Aug. 22	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tafoo Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
Aug. 22	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiukiang	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 23	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 23	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Nanyang Maru	Jap. N. K. K.
Aug. 24	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 25	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap. N. K. K.

*A.M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo: Mr. and Mrs. K. Berg, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Vincent, Miss Smith, Messrs. F. W. Goddard, R. S. Green, H. Kuffer, H. A. McNulty.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano Maru from Japan: Misses M. Myyott, W. Schoellkoff, Master F. Schoellkoff, Mrs. F. X. Dos, Remedios, Mr. and Mrs. Ichinomiya, Mrs. Kato, Mrs. Fujioka, Mrs. Kujime and 2 children, Mrs. Shimomura and child, Mr. and Mrs. Egawa and 2 children, Messrs. Ishino, Namiki, Fujino, Mine, Ueda, Ono, Yamaguchi, Kato, Takada, Fukui, Kanno, Kudo, Furya, Koe, Murnishi, Sano, Shibagaki, J. H. Green, John Irvine, J. A. Levis, H. V. Bernard, Shu Chang, T. Chang, H. Chang, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Schoellkoff.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B. ..	$513½
Chartered	£80 CNI
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$435
North China	$220
Union of Canton ...	Hk. 200 B.
Yangtsze	Tls. 280 S.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	$23½ S.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$138
Hongkong Fire	$510 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	$180
Indo-China Pref...	
"Shell"	190/—
Shanghai Tug (O) ..	Tls. 40½ B.
Shanghai Tug (I) ...	Tls. 381
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 13½
Oriental Cons	21/—
Raub	$2.10 B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$165 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 121
New Eng. Works ...	Tls. 25½ B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf ...	Tls. 97
Hongkong Wharf ...	Tls. 99 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land ..	Tls. 76
China Land	Tls. 67½
Shanghai Land	Tls. 18
Weihaiwei Land	
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	
China Realty (ord.) .	
China Realty (pref.)	
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 305 B.
E-wo Pref	Tls. 80 B.
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 205
Oriental	Tls. 120
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 205
Kungyik	Tls. 29
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 15¼
Yangtszepoo Pref. ...	Tls. 83
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 29
China Sugar	$184 B.
Green Island	98½ B.
Langkats ..... Tls.	Tls. 19 B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra ..	Tls. 107½
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$12½ B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	Tls. 80 B.
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$5.40 B.
Weeks	$11¼
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 8
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 8 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 22 B.
Batu Anam 1918 ..	Tls. 0.70 S.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2 B.
Bute	Tls. 0.55 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 85 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 7½
Cheng	Tls. 1.90
Consolidated	Tls. 2½
Dominion	Tls. 6 B.
Gula Kalumpong ...	Tls. 5 B.
Java Consolidated ..	Tls. 13
Kamunting	Tls. 4
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 15½
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 4½ B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 10½ B.
Padang	Tls. 8.80
Pengkalan Durian ..	Tls. 4
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.82½ B.
Samagaga	Tls. .65 B.
Seekee	Tls. 0.70 B.
Semambu	Tls. 0.80 B.
Senawang	Tls. 8
Shanghai Klebang ..	Tls. 0.52½ B
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 8
Shanghai Pahang ...	Tls. 1
Sungala	Tls. 1
Sungei Duri	Tls. 8¼
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3 B.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.50
Shanghai Seremban ..	Tls. 0.85
Taiping	Tls. 1 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. .57½ B.
Tebong	Tls. 14½
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. ¼
Miscellaneous	
C. I and E. Lumber..	Tls. 350 S.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 13 B.
S'hai Elec. and Asb...	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 75
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 21
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 33
Shanghai Mercury ...	Tls. 25
Shanghai Telephone.	Tls. 75
S'hai Waterworks ...	Tls. 163¾

S. Sellers. Ss. Sales. B. Buyers.

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road
Telephone No. Central 398

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per C.M. s.s. Nanking ....Aug. 25

For Europe
Per M.M. s.s. Andre Lebon Aug. 25

For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. Aug. 21
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. Aug. 22

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per P.M. s.s. Venezuela...Aug. 22
Per R.M.S. E. of Russia....Aug. 23

From India, etc.
Per P. and O. s.s. Dunera...Aug. 29

From France
Per M.M. s.s. Porthos....Aug. 31

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI LOCAL TIME IS ONE HOUR AHEAD OF RAILWAY TIME

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" (MAIN LINE) ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local	Night Express R
Shanghai North ..... dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.56	15.30	....	19.15
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....	19.36
Siccawei ..... dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....	19.45
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....	19.5
Shanghai South ..... dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.35*	*19.20*
Lunghwa Junction ... dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*	*19.50*
Sunglang ..... dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....	20.26
Kashai ..... dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....	21.2
Kashing ..... dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....	21.56
Yehzah ..... dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.30	....	17.53	....	....	22.22
Changan ..... dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....	22.53
Hangchow ..... dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.40	....	19.19	....	....	23.41
Zahkou ..... arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.10	....	19.35	....	....	24.06

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local	Night Express
Zahkou ..... dep.	....	....	6.20	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30	17.50
Hangchow ..... dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05	18.15
Changan ..... dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.36	19.03
Yehzah ..... dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40	19.35
Kashing ..... dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30	20.15
Kashai ..... dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....	20.38
Sunglang ..... dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....	21.36
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	*8.18*	*10.36*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....	*22.23*
Shanghai South ..... arr.	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....	*22.40*
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	10.30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....	22.17
Siccawei ..... dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....	22.25
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....	22.31
Shanghai North ..... arr.	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.5	....	22.45

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU (KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE) ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao .... dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	17.30	23.00	Zahkou ..... dep.	....	10.10	12.25	....	....	18.40	....
Kenshangmun .. dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	17.45	23.15	Hangchow .... dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	16.40	19.15	23.40
Hangchow ..... dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.25	18.07	23.25	Kenshangmun dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	16.52	19.27	23.52
Zahkou ..... arr.	....	9.40	12.10	....	....	18.25	....	Konzenchiao .. arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	17.05	19.40	0.05

R. Restaurant Car.

ESTABLISHED 1874 — TELEPHONE CENTRAL 159

L. MOORE & Co. LIMITED

AUCTIONEERS : VALUERS : LAND BROKERS
45 KIANGSE ROAD SHANGHAI

AUCTION INDEX

THURSDAY, August 21.—**Household Furniture, Etc.,** at Salesroom 10 a.m.

SATURDAY, August 23rd.—Furniture and Provisions at Salesroom 10 a.m.

FRIDAY, August 29th.—At 408 Avenue Joffre, **Superior Household Furniture,** at 10 a.m.

WEDNESDAY, September 3rd.—At Chang Kah Pang Wharf at 3 p.m. Stove Crushing Machine with all accessories.

JUST ARRIVED

Fillets Findon Haddock - - **$1.25** per lb.
Fish Tongue - - - - - - **.75** „ „
Anchovy Fish - - - - - **.60** „ „
Kippers - - - - - - - **.25** each

C. EDDIE & CO.

1132-3 Broadway Tel. North 639

The Ault & Wiborg (Shanghai) Co.

Manufacturers of:
LETTER PRESS INKS
LITHO INKS
OFFSET INKS
LITHO SUPPLIES
BRONZE POWDERS
CARBON PAPERS
TYPEWRITER RIBBONS
ANILINE DYES
DRY COLOURS
CARBON BLACKS

Agents for:
MIEHLE PRESSES
SCOTT OFFSET PRESSES
SCOTT NEWS PRESSES
SCOTT LITHO PRESSES
U.P.M. BRONZING MACHINES
SEYBOLD PAPER CUTTERS
SEYBOLD EMBOSSERS
CHAMPION PAPER CO.

37 Canton Road, Shanghai.

Hongkong Branch, 19 Ice House, St.

AN IDEAL FOOD FOR SICK AND WELL
of unequalled value

For Convalescents and in cases of Anemia, Debility, Overwork, Neurasthenia, Dyspepsia, etc. A delightful beverage for healthy individuals, children, nursing mothers, aged people and all those in run down condition.

CONCENTRE ALIMENTAIRE SAVOUREUX
Pour les personnes malades et en sante

Supreme en Convalescence; combat anemie, debilite, Neurasthenie, Dyspepsie, etc.

Se recommande aux Enfants, Meres nourrissieres, personnes agees, maladives, ainsi qu'a ceux affaibles par surcoit de travail mental.

To be obtained from all Leading Stores and Dispensaries.
SOLE AGENTS:
ANDREWS & GEORGE
1 Foochow Road. Shanghai.

American Church Council Drafts A Social Program

Meeting Condemns Class Hostility In Its Outline For Social Reconstruction

New York, July 16.—The Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America yesterday made public a program in social reconstruction for the churches in which definite plans for social and economic readjustment are laid down for the guidance of the Protestant churches of the country. The platform has been in preparation for several months by the Committee of Direction of the Commission on the Church and Social Service, of which Henry Churchill King is chairman and the Rev. Worth M. Tippy secretary.

Attempts at reform through class struggle and class consciousness are severely condemned, but higher consideration for the worker as to wages, hours and participation in the control of industry are urged. Freedom of speech, assembly and the press are demanded. It is proposed that the churches unite in the program, ministers being trained in economics, sociology and politics for that purpose.

After maintaining that the method of social reconstruction must include conservation of what has been achieved in the past, the report says:

"The doctrine of the class conscious struggle strikes at injustice by greater and more savage injustice to break up society. The dictatorship of the proletariat in practice is a new absolutism in the hands of a few men, and is as abhorrent as any other dictatorship. The hope of the world is in the co-operation of individuals and classes and the final elimination of classes in the brotherhood of a Christian society.

Deplores Tendency To Violence

"Class consciousness and the use of violence are not confined to revolutionary groups. The possession of wealth and education tend to the formation of classes, and industrial ownership and management to a class conscious ruling group. We observe, also, with regret, numerous resorts to mob action in which returned soldiers and workmen have sometimes participated, frequently without police restraint, the continuing incitement to riot by certain public officials and periodicals, and the unfortunate and dangerous tendency of many State and municipal officials to deny fair hearings to radical offenders, and to use unnecessary and provocative brutality during strikes.

"It is undesirable that private citizens or groups of vigilants should be allowed to take the law into their own hands. Workingmen believe they do not get an equal chance before the law, and it is highly important that whatever real basis there is for this conviction should be removed."

The platform holds that provision should be made for joint responsibility and control between the employer and employe in industry, as the movements for shop committees and councils have both an economic and a spiritual significance in that "they are or may be expressions of brotherhood, and recognise the right of the worker to full development of personality." It adds:

"The State, as the governmental agency of the community, with the co-operation of all involved, should attempt to secure to the worker an income sufficient to maintain his family at a standard of living which the community can approve. This living wage should be made the first charge upon industry before dividends are considered.

"As to excess profits: after a just wage, and fair salaries, interest upon capital and sinking funds have been provided, we commend the spirit and the conclusions of the twenty British Quaker employers in awarding the larger part of excess profits to the community, to be devoted voluntarily to public uses, or returned by taxation."

Would Keep Wages High

The platform considers the necessity for the continuance of high wages, and the elimination of unemployment through the rehabilitation and permanent maintenance of a co-ordinated nation-wide employment service, and vocational training for all. It would have the war debt paid by those most able to bear the burden, and not through direct taxes. It asks for the release of all sincere conscientious objectors. Further demands are justice to the negro, adequate housing and a substitute for the saloon. For the last, community centers, the church as a social center, fraternal orders and education are suggested.

Much attention is given to a "new social morality." Organisation of the Public Health Service for sex morality, the control of disease, and abolition of segregated vice districts, are recommended. One suggestion is the development of the forum.

To bring about a better understanding with the working people, the following suggestions are made:

"The creation of many hundreds of powerful, highly socialised and democratically organised churches in working class neighborhoods of cities and industrial centers, and the development of special methods for problems which require distinctive treatment, such as those encountered in logging camps, company towns, and among night workers and submerged populations.

"The development by the seminaries and by special training methods of ministers who know how to administer such churches.

"A powerful effort by the whole Church, but concentrating in these churches and in alliance with the workers themselves, to achieve the great objects for which the workers are struggling, such as living wages, reasonable hours, safe conditions of labor, equal opportunities and pay for women, participation in management and ownership, and abolition of child labor.

"Surveys of the working class resident districts of our cities and industrial centers, to lay out, with common consent, large non-competing parishes for these churches, and to secure the closing out of their financial equities in other non-competing centers."

Urges Moral Reconstruction

Above all is placed moral reconstruction, and the platform closes with this statement on that issue:

"The experiences of the war, revealing the nearness to the surface of savage instincts and deep selfishness in vast numbers of men, the willingness to profiteer on the part of workers as well as employers, the intensity of racial, national and religious antagonisms have demonstrated anew that the progress of humanity is dependent not alone upon social organisation but upon the strength of the moral emotions and the discipline of character.

"Now that the war is over the Church should return to its historic functions of Christian nurture, evangelism and religious education, with new sanctions, and a sure knowledge that its ministry to the inner life and to the building of character are its greatest contribution to social welfare. If the Governments of the world have learned the lesson of the war they will encourage the Church in these vital undertakings. They will drive hard at that moral discipline which alone can fortify our democratic ideals."

Shipping Items

The I.-C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Hwahta left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Tungshing is due in Shanghai from Hongkong and Ningpo today.

The P. & O. s.s. Dunera was due to leave Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Hangsang is due in Shanghai from Hongkong and Swatow today.

The I.-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The M.M. s.s. Porthos, with the French mails of July 18, left Saigon for Haiphong, Hongkong & Shanghai yesterday and may be expected to arrive here on Sunday, August 31.

The I.-C. s.s. Suiwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Suiyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Elpenor may be expected to arrive in Shanghai from New York via Suez on August 25.

The Blune Funnel s.s. Knight Companion may be expected to arrive in Shanghai from New York via Panama on August 26.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro Maru will leave Nagasaki for Shanghai today and may be expected to arrive on Saturday.

The B.I. s.s. Gablonz left Hongkong for Shanghai at 1 p.m. on Monday and is due here this afternoon.

The B.I. s.s. Hemilin left Hongkong at ten o'clock Monday morning and is due in Shanghai tomorrow at daylight.

The P. & O. s.s. Nagoya will leave Kobe for Shanghai on August 27.

The C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Russia arived at Yokohama on Monday and is due in Shanghai on Saturday.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Jason, from New York, left Vladivostok for Shanghai last Saturday and is due here today.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Ajax, from New York via Suez, left Hongkong for Shanghai on Monday.

The H.O. s.s. Changon will leave Hankow for Shanghai today and is due here on Sunday.

The I.-C. s.s. Waishing will leave Hankow tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Mankow tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Monday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinming will leave Tientsin for Chefoo and Shanghai today.

The I.-C. s.s. Wosang is due in Shanghai from Hongkong and Swatow next Monday.

The S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru is due in Shanghai from Dairen tomorrow morning and will sail for the same port via Tsingtau on Saturday at 8:30 a.m. The tender with passengers and mail will leave the Customs Jetty at 9 o'clock the previous night.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Takeshima Maru will leave Moji for Shanghai tomorrow and may be expected to arrive on Sunday.

The R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk arrived in Shanghai from Vladivostok and Nagasaki yesterday morning and will sail for the same ports tomorrow evening. The tender with passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at three o'clock.

The M.M. s.s. Andre Lebon will be despatched from Marseilles via Hongkong and ports on Monday and the tender Whangpoo with outgoing passengers and mails will leave the French Mali Jetty at 9 o'clock the same morning.

The P. M. s.s. Venezuela left Kobe on Tuesday morning and is due in Shanghai tomorrow morning. The Venezuela sails for Manila and Hongkong on Saturday.

The C.M. s.s. Nanking will leave Hongkong for Shanghai tomorrow and is due at Woosung early Monday morning. The Nanking sails for Japan ports, Honolulu and San Francisco the same evening and the tender with outgoing passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at four o'clock.

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco
Uncas ..... July 24
West Sequana ..... July 24
Stanley Dollar ..... July 28
Cadaretta ..... Aug. 6
Colombia ..... Aug. 17
For Tacoma
Arabia Maru ..... July 23
For Seattle
Katori Maru ..... July 23
West Munham ..... July 29
For Vancouver
Bessie Dollar ..... July 25
Empress of Asia ..... Aug. 9
For New York
Euryades ..... July 24
Muncaster Castle ..... July 28
Gaelic Prince ..... Aug. 14
Gothic Prince ..... Aug. 17
For London, etc.
Glenapp ..... June 29
Tamba Maru ..... July 1
Penang Maru ..... July 7
Priam ..... July 12
Mishima Maru ..... July 13
Sado Maru ..... July 21
Meichu Maru ..... July 30
Kitano Maru ..... Aug. 5
Neleus ..... Aug. 5
Kansas ..... Aug. 6
Helenus ..... Aug. 9
Amazon Maru ..... Aug. 9
Pembrokeshire ..... Aug. 12
Teiresias ..... Aug. 15
Tomiura Maru ..... Aug. 17
Inaba Maru ..... Aug. 18
For Liverpool
Tosa Maru ..... July 28
Awa Maru ..... Aug. 1
Tydeus ..... Aug. 4
Deucalion ..... Aug. 10
Tajima Maru ..... Aug. 18
For Copenhagen
Annam ..... Aug. 16
For Marseilles
Liverpool Maru ..... July 24
Saratov ..... Aug. 3
Meinam ..... Aug. 14
Kenkon Maru ..... Aug. 17
For Bombay
Dilwara ..... July 23
For Singapore
Methven ..... Aug. 16
For Java
Wergeland ..... Aug. 8
Tjikini ..... Aug. 16
For Calcutta
Luceric ..... Aug. 9
Shingo Maru ..... Aug. 10
Arratoon Apcar ..... Aug. 20

The Summer
is the time for
AMERICAN
APPLE CIDER
SOLD EVERYWHERE
Connell Bros. Co., *Agents*

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

Amusements

ISIS THEATRE

PROGRAMME
for
Tonight Tonight
The Master-Serial
"The Lightning Raider"
13th Episode
Also showing
W. D. Griffith's Comedy-Drama
"SISTER OF SIX"
Starring Bessie Love. A very amusing and entertaining picture.
Five Parts.

AMUSEMENTS

APOLLO THEATRE THURSDAY, AUGUST 21st, 22nd, 23rd & 24th

The Emotional Actress.
EDNA MAY
EDNA MAY
The star in "THE BELLE OF NEW YORK"
In
7 Parts "SALVATION JOAN" "SALVATION JOAN" 7 Parts

This play had a very long and successful run everywhere. It is quite a modern and clever drama.

Pathe's American Gazette.

Monday next. "HER LIFE AND HIS" 5 Parts Drama.

It is a Pathe Play you will long remember. The story is a rattling good one.

Time and prices as usual.

Matinee, Saturday 4. p.m.
"It Happened to Adele"
5 Parts Drama

Matinee, Sunday 3.30 p.m.
"Father and Boys"
5 Parts Comedy Drama.

LAST NIGHT
AT THE
OLYMPIC THEATRE
OF THE
"PRIZE PACKETS"
LAST NIGHT
COMPLETE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
Showing on August 21st
"THE VICTORIA CROSS"

SHOWING
at the
Victoria Theatre
Tonight Tonight
MARGARET ILLINGTON
In An Elaborate Picturization
of
BASIL KING'S
CELEBRATED NOVEL
"THE INNER SHRINE"
A Paramount Picture
Tomorrow Night August 22nd
HOUSE PETERS
in
"AS MEN LOVE"

Bostock's Grand Circus
at
Chang Su Ho Gardens
TONIGHT
at 9.15
Grand Change of Programme
SEE THE
Great Cliquet Family
in their
Novelty Aerial Gymnastics
MATINEES
Saturday and Sunday
at 5.15
Book Early at Moutrie's
For a very short season

St. GEORGE'S GARDEN
Bubbling Well Road.
Thursday, August 21st, 22nd, 23rd and 24th
MABEL NORMAND
MABEL NORMAND
in "MICKEY"
"MICKEY"
7 Reels of Adventure—Romance Humour———Pathos 7
A picture that is making motion-picture history all over the world.
It is a picture you cannot afford to miss.
Pathe's Gazette and Other New Films.

THE TROCADERO
14 Astor Road Phone: N. 1469